

# Crop Report

For the Period June 16 to June 22, 2026

Published by the Ministry of Agriculture

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Report number 08, June 25, 2026

Seeding in Saskatchewan is nearly finished with 99 per cent completed. Attention has shifted to in season activities, including haying operations, herbicide applications and monitoring for pests and diseases.

Over the past week, most regions in the province received significant rainfall. While these rains were welcomed in some areas, excessive precipitation in others has led to saturated fields. Combined with periodic high winds, these conditions have delayed in-crop spraying operations in several regions.

The Foam Lake area recorded the highest rainfall at 110 millimetres (mm), followed by Hillsborough with 77 mm. Both Elfros and Lacadena reported 68 mm of rainfall.

Rainfall significantly increased topsoil moisture, with surplus conditions increasing in most areas.

Cropland topsoil moisture is:

- 20 per cent surplus;
- 77 per cent adequate; and
- 3 per cent short.

Hayland topsoil moisture is:

- 15 per cent surplus;
- 77 per cent adequate;
- 7 per cent short; and
- 1 per cent very short.

Pasture topsoil moisture is:

- 12 per cent surplus;
- 78 per cent adequate;
- 10 per cent short.

## One year ago

Conditions across the province remained highly variable. Some regions received minimal rainfall, while others experienced heavy storms accompanied by strong winds, significant precipitation, and hail, resulting in damage to crops, buildings, and machinery. Cooler temperatures continued to slow crop development. While excess moisture caused minor crop damage in some areas, other regions reported moderate to severe losses due to a combination of factors, including dry conditions, hail, wind, frost, gophers, and flea beetles.

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INSURANCE CORPORATION

Saskatchewan

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Cool and cloudy conditions slowed crop development. While most crops are reported to be developing at a normal pace, a notable portion is behind the expected stages of development for this time of year. Crop development in the province is rated as:

- 1 per cent of fall cereals are reported as ahead, 85 per cent as normal and 14 per cent behind.
- 1 per cent of spring cereals are reported as ahead, 65 per cent as normal and 34 per cent behind.
- 1 per cent of oilseeds are reported as ahead, 54 per cent as normal and 45 per cent behind.
- 1 per cent of pulse crops are reported as ahead, 77 per cent as normal and 22 per cent behind.
- 1 per cent of perennial forage are reported as ahead, 80 per cent as normal and 19 per cent behind.
- 74 per cent of annual forages are reported as normal and 26 per cent behind.

Provincially, three per cent of normally-seeded acreage went unseeded this spring due to excess moisture. Of the seeded acres this spring, three per cent is flooded and unlikely to produce a crop. Similarly, three per cent of forage crops have excess moisture and are unlikely to produce a crop while two per cent of pastureland is not accessible or is unusable. In areas experiencing reduced moisture, two per cent of the seeded acreage this spring in the province is affected. Five per cent of the forage crops may have yields significantly impacted, while five per cent of pastures may have reduced carrying capacity.

For producers with a Crop Insurance contract, acres which remained unseeded as of June 20 due to excessive spring moisture may be eligible for an Unseeded Acreage claim, with considerations for the following crucial deadlines and information:

- June 25: The deadline to submit an Unseeded Acreage claim.
- June 26-July 2: Submitted Unseeded Acreage claims incur a 25 per cent penalty (up to \$1,000).
- July 3 or later: No longer eligible to submit Unseeded Acreage claims.
- Acres seeded to an uninsured crop after June 20 do not affect Unseeded Acreage claims.
- No liability is accepted for crops seeded after June 20. Greenfeed is an exception, with a seeding deadline of June 30.
- Acres seeded between June 20 to June 30 to an insured greenfeed crop are insured as greenfeed and are not eligible for an Unseeded Acreage claim.

More information can be found on Saskatchewan Crop Insurance Corporation's website. If you have questions, call SCIC at 1-888-935-0000.

For further information, contact Augustine Osei, PhD, PAg,  
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Also available on [saskatchewan.ca/crop-report](http://saskatchewan.ca/crop-report).



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The significant rainfall received across most areas of the province has been beneficial for livestock water supplies. Provincially, four per cent of livestock water sources are currently rated as moderately short. Meanwhile, nine per cent are anticipated to become short over the next couple of months, while the majority, 87 per cent, are expected to remain adequate for the foreseeable future.

Various causes of crop damage were reported over the past week. Excess moisture remains the primary concern and is causing minor to moderate damage in most regions, with a few localized areas reporting severe impacts. In addition, moderate to severe damage from gophers and strong winds has been noted. Hail caused minor to moderate damage in some isolated areas. Flea beetles continue to persist, with moderate levels of damage reported, while minor damage from cutworms has also been observed.

In the coming weeks, producers are hoping for favourable weather conditions to support crop growth and allow for the completion of spraying operations.

Producers are reminded to keep safety top of mind while working. For any crop or livestock questions, producers can call the Agriculture Knowledge Centre, toll free at 1-866-457-2377.

Please be advised that next week's Crop Report will be issued on **Friday, July 3, 2026**, due to the Canada Day statutory holiday.

For further information, contact Augustine Osei, PhD, PAg,  
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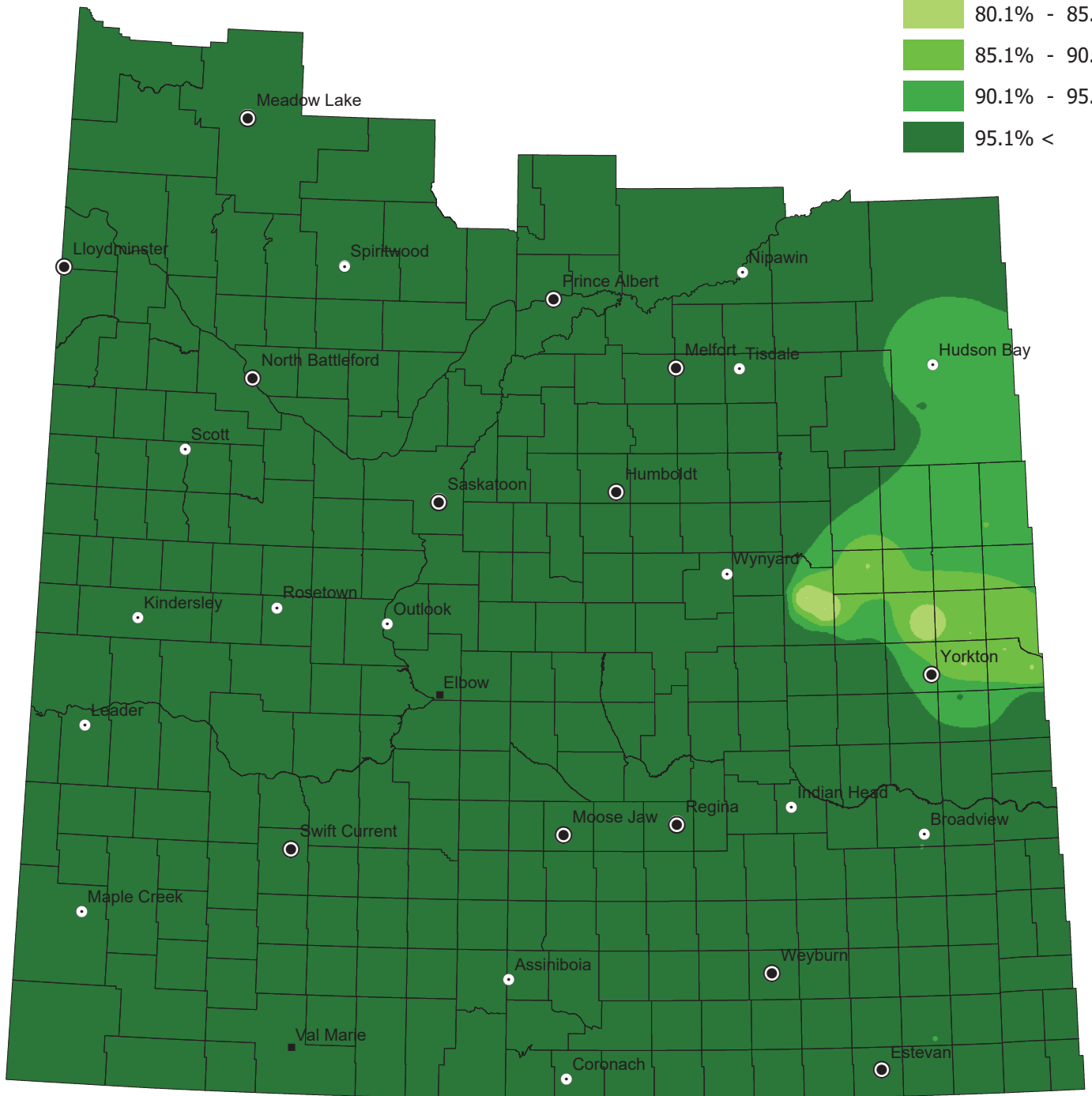
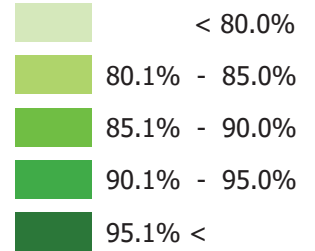
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# Seeding Progress

from April 1 to June 22, 2026

## Seeding Progress



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.



Southeast Saskatchewan	
Census Division	% seeded (June 23, 2026)
1	99%
2	100%
5	98%
6	100%
Region average	99%

Southwest Saskatchewan	
Census Division	% seeded (June 23, 2026)
3	100%
4	100%
7	100%
8	100%
Region average	100%

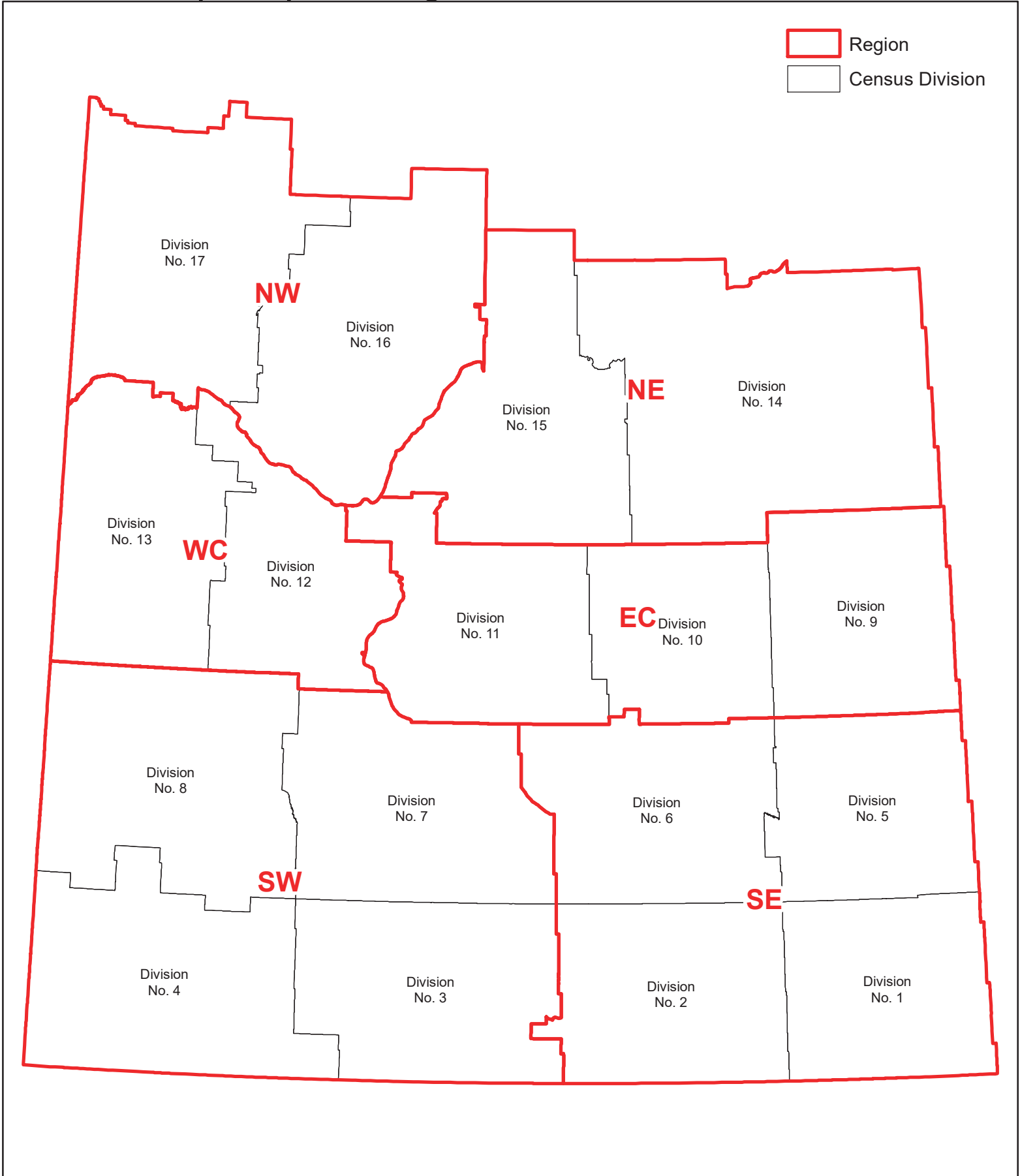
East-Central Saskatchewan	
Census Division	% seeded (June 23, 2026)
9	88%
10	97%
11	99%
Region average	96%

West-Central Saskatchewan	
Census Division	% seeded (June 23, 2026)
12	100%
13	100%
Region average	100%

Northeast Saskatchewan	
Census Division	% seeded (June 23, 2026)
14	99%
15	100%
Region average	99%

Northwest Saskatchewan	
Census Division	% seeded (June 23, 2026)
16	99%
17	100%
Region average	100%

# Crop Report Regions & Census Divisions



### **Southeastern Saskatchewan:**

- Census Division 1 – Carnduff, Estevan, Lampman, Redvers and Stoughton areas
- Census Division 2 – Avonlea, Fillmore, Minton, Radville and Weyburn areas
- Census Division 5 – Broadview, Esterhazy, Melville and Moosomin areas
- Census Division 6 – Belle Plaine, Cupar, Lumsden, Indian Head, Regina and Rouleau areas

Most producers have largely wrapped up seeding within the region and are at 99 per cent completion. Overall, producers are reporting good moisture conditions with the rainfall received in the region this past week. However, the persistence of cool and cloudy conditions and excess moisture in some areas have slowed crop development and in-crop spraying activities. Producers will be hoping for some warm weather over the coming week to continue with in-crop spraying and to help crop development.

The Weyburn area received the highest rainfall amount with 54 millimetres (mm), followed by the Indian Head area with 51 mm and the Francis area 49 mm. Topsoil moisture conditions are mostly rated as adequate in the region with some areas reporting surplus.

Cropland topsoil moisture is:

- 25 per cent surplus;
- 69 per cent adequate;
- 5 per cent short; and
- 1 per cent very short.

Hayland topsoil moisture is:

- 14 per cent surplus;
- 69 per cent adequate;
- 14 per cent short; and
- 3 per cent very short.

Pasture topsoil moisture is:

- 13 per cent surplus;
- 71 per cent adequate;
- 12 per cent short; and
- 4 per cent very short.

Despite cool weather conditions slowing crop development, the majority of the crops in the region are mostly rated as normal in their development stages, with oilseed crops the furthest behind their normal development stage for this time of year.

Crop development for this time of year in the region is rated as follows:

- 1 per cent of fall cereals are reported as ahead, 80 per cent as normal and 19 per cent behind.

- 3 per cent of spring cereals are reported as ahead, 72 per cent as normal and 25 per cent behind.
- 2 per cent of oilseeds are reported as ahead, 65 per cent as normal and 33 per cent behind.
- 4 per cent of pulse crops are reported as ahead, 82 per cent as normal and 14 per cent behind.
- 1 per cent of perennial forages are reported as ahead, 78 per cent as normal and 21 per cent behind.
- 85 per cent of annual forages are reported as normal and 15 per cent behind.

Three per cent of the land that would normally be seeded did not get seeded this spring in the region due to excess moisture. Of the seeded land this spring, producers indicate that four per cent has excess moisture and is unlikely to produce a crop. Similarly, four per cent of forage crops are reported to have excess moisture and are unlikely to produce a crop, while two per cent of pastureland is not accessible or is not usable.

Areas within the region that are experiencing reduced moisture have expressed that 10 per cent of the land that was seeded this spring is struggling due to lack of moisture. Twenty per cent of forage crops may have their yield significantly affected, and 26 per cent of pastures may have their carrying capacity reduced.

Most livestock water supplies are considered to be adequate for the region. While no moderate shortages are reported, five per cent of livestock water sources may be short within the next two months while 95 per cent are not expected to be short. Ninety-five per cent of livestock producers in the region are not concerned about water quality while only five per cent of producers have water quality concerns.

Moderate to severe damage to crops was reported from excess moisture, wind and gophers. Hail also caused minor damage in some areas in the region, with minor to moderate reported damage from flea beetle pressure..

### **Southwestern Saskatchewan:**

- Census Division 3 – Assiniboia, Gravelbourg, Mankota, Ponteix and Rockglen areas
- Census Division 4 – Cadillac, Consul, Eastend, Maple Creek and Val Marie areas
- Census Division 7 – Beechy, Central Butte, Craik, Herbert, Hodgeville and Moose Jaw areas
- Census Division 8 – Cabri, Erose, Fox Valley, Leader, Swift Current and Tompkins areas

As seeding wraps up in the region, producers are busy with spraying operations when weather permits. Good moisture conditions are generally reported; however, cool weather conditions continue to slow crop development and in-crop spraying.

The Hillsborough area received the largest amount of rainfall in the region, with 77 millimetres (mm), followed by the Lacadena area with 68 mm and 41 mm in the Craik

region. The rainfall received in the area maintained adequate amounts of topsoil moisture in the region.

Cropland topsoil moisture is:

- 8 per cent surplus;
- 87 per cent adequate; and
- 5 per cent short.

Hayland topsoil moisture is:

- 4 per cent surplus;
- 74 per cent adequate; and
- 22 per cent short.

Pasture topsoil moisture is:

- 6 per cent surplus;
- 74 per cent adequate; and
- 20 per cent short.

Crop development in the region is reported as normal with a few reported as behind for this time of year due to cool weather conditions experienced in the region.

Crop development for this time of year in the region is rated as follows:

- 90 per cent of fall cereals are reported as normal and 10 per cent behind.
- 1 per cent of spring cereals are reported as ahead, 79 per cent as normal and 20 per cent behind.
- 77 per cent of oilseeds are reported as normal and 23 per cent behind.
- 1 per cent of pulse crops are reported as ahead, 83 per cent as normal and 16 per cent behind.
- 86 per cent of perennial forages are reported as normal and 14 per cent behind.
- 94 per cent of annual forages are reported as normal and 6 per cent behind.

Producers indicate that of the areas in the region that are experiencing reduced moisture, only one per cent of the land seeded this spring is struggling due to lack of moisture. Seven per cent of forage crops may have their yield significantly affected, and five per cent of pastures may have their carrying capacity reduced.

Most livestock water supplies are considered to be adequate for the region, with eight per cent moderate shortages reported in livestock water sources. Meanwhile, 24 per cent of sources may be short within the next two months, and 68 per cent are not expected to be short in the coming months. Eighty per cent of livestock producers in the region are not concerned about water quality, while 20 per cent of producers have water quality concerns.

Gophers continue to cause crop damage with some areas reporting severe damage. Minor to moderate crop damage from flea beetles and cabbage seed pod weevils, particularly on early seeded canola, . A few reports of crop damage due to plant diseases, particularly in pulses, are being recorded.

#### **East-Central Saskatchewan:**

- Census Division 9 – Calder, Canora, Pelly, Preeceville, Sheho and Yorkton areas
- Census Division 10 – Foam Lake, Kelliher, Leroy, Raymore and Wadena areas
- Census Division 11 – Davidson, Colonsay, Langham, Lanigan, Nokomis, Outlook and Saskatoon areas

Seeding advanced within the region despite the generally wet conditions encountered, with 96 per cent of the seeding now complete. The region continues to receive significant amounts of rain that is slowing crop development and in-crop spraying activities. Many low-lying areas are also reported to have standing water, causing crop stress.

The Foam Lake area received the highest rainfall amount of 110 millimetres (mm), followed by the Elfros region with 68 mm and the McCraney area with 54 mm of rainfall. Topsoil moisture in the region is mostly rated as adequate with a large amount being surplus.

Cropland topsoil moisture is:

- 42 per cent surplus;
- 53 per cent adequate; and
- 5 per cent short.

Hayland topsoil moisture is:

- 42 per cent surplus;
- 50 per cent adequate; and
- 8 per cent short.

Pasture topsoil moisture is:

- 40 per cent surplus;
- 51 per cent adequate; and
- 9 per cent short.

While most crops in the region are reported to be at a normal stage of development, the majority of oilseed crops and spring cereals are recorded as being behind for this time of year.

Crop development for this time of year in the region is rated as follows:

- 2 per cent of fall cereals are reported as ahead, 72 per cent as normal and 26 per

cent behind.

- 2 per cent of spring cereals are reported as ahead, 48 per cent as normal and 50 per cent behind.
- 42 per cent of oilseeds are reported as normal and 58 per cent behind.
- 73 per cent of pulse crops are reported as normal and 27 per cent behind.
- 1 per cent of perennial forages are reported as ahead, 61 per cent as normal and 38 per cent behind.
- 67 per cent of annual forages are reported as normal and 33 per cent behind.

Eight per cent of the land that would normally be seeded did not get seeded this spring in the region due to excess moisture. Of the seeded land this spring, producers indicate that six per cent has excess moisture and is unlikely to produce a crop. Meanwhile, seven per cent of forage crops are reported to have excess moisture and are unlikely to produce a crop, while seven per cent of pastureland is not accessible or usable.

For livestock water supplies in the region, four per cent of livestock water sources are experiencing moderate shortages, while 11 per cent may be short within the next two months. Eighty-six per cent are not expected to be short in the coming months. No concerns were reported about livestock water quality.

Minor to severe crop damage was reported in the region this week due to extremely wet conditions, wind, gophers and waterfowl. Minor to moderate damage from flea beetles and wireworms was also reported in the region. Similarly, a few reports of crop damage due to plant root rot were noted.

#### **West-Central Saskatchewan:**

- Census Division 12 – Biggar, Delisle, Rosetown and Sonningdale areas
- Census Division 13 – Cut Knife, Kerrobert, Kindersley, Macklin, Plenty and Wilkie areas

Seeding is all but done in the region with in-crop spraying ongoing. With much-needed rain received in most areas across the region, producers are now hoping for some warmth in the coming days to speed up crop development which has been slowed from cool weather conditions.

The Eagle Creek area received the highest amount of rainfall in the region with 59 millimetres (mm), followed closely by the Glenside region with 57 mm. The Buffalo area also reported 50 mm of rain.

The received rainfall was important in maintaining topsoil moisture in the region at mostly adequate levels.

Cropland topsoil moisture is:

- 3 per cent surplus; and
- 97 per cent adequate.

Hayland topsoil moisture is:

- 2 per cent surplus; and
- 98 per cent adequate.

Pasture topsoil moisture is:

- 1 per cent surplus; and
- 99 per cent adequate.

About a third of the crops are reported to be behind their development for this time of year, with nearly two-thirds rated as normal.

Crop development for this time of year in the region is rated as follows:

- 1 per cent of fall cereals are reported as ahead, 92 as normal and 7 per cent behind.
- 66 per cent of spring cereals are reported as normal and 34 per cent behind.
- 66 per cent of oilseeds are reported as normal and 34 per cent behind.
- 69 per cent of pulse crops are reported as normal and 31 per cent behind.
- 73 per cent of perennial forages are reported as normal and 27 per cent behind.
- 64 per cent of annual forages are reported as normal and 36 per cent behind.

While producers indicate that only one per cent of the land that would normally be seeded did not get seeded this spring due to excess moisture, none of the seeded land was reported to have excess moisture that is unlikely to produce a crop.

Areas within the region that are experiencing reduced moisture have expressed that one per cent of forage crops may have their yield significantly affected.

Most livestock water supplies are considered to be adequate for the region. Moderate shortages are reported in 10 per cent of livestock water sources while five per cent of sources may be short within the next two months. Eighty-six per cent are not expected to be short in the coming months. Seventy-six per cent of livestock producers in the region are not concerned about water quality in the future, with 24 per cent of producers expressing concerns.

Producers report minor to moderate crop damage from excess moisture, hail and gopher with some localized areas reporting minor damage from dry soil conditions. Minor to moderate insect damage from flea beetles, cutworms and pea leaf weevils are also reported in the region.

#### **Northeastern Saskatchewan:**

- Census Division 14 – Choiceland, Hudson Bay, Kelvington, Melfort and Nipawin areas

- Census Division 15 – Cudworth, Humboldt, Kinistino, Prince Albert, Rosthern and St. Brieux areas

Seeding is virtually wrapped up in the region with 99 per cent complete. Producers are reporting that crops are in an overall good condition in the region aside from the cool and cloudy conditions that continue to slow crop development.

Rain fell throughout most of the region, with the Three Lakes area recording the highest amount at 44 millimetres (mm). This was followed closely by the Duck Lake area with 42 mm and the Bayne area receiving 38 mm.

Topsoil moisture for the region is rated as mostly adequate, with some reporting surplus.

Cropland topsoil moisture is:

- 14 per cent surplus;
- 84 per cent adequate; and
- 2 per cent short.

Hayland topsoil moisture is:

- 8 per cent surplus;
- 89 per cent adequate; and
- 3 per cent short.

Pasture topsoil moisture is:

- 8 per cent surplus;
- 89 per cent adequate; and
- 3 per cent short.

Crop development in the region is mostly reported to be normal with over a third of the crops behind their normal development for this time of year due to cool and cloudy conditions.

Crop development for this time of year in the region is rated as follows:

- 66 per cent of fall cereals are reported as normal and 34 per cent behind.
- 54 per cent of spring cereals are reported as normal and 46 per cent behind.
- 43 per cent of oilseeds are reported as normal and 57 per cent behind.
- 58 per cent of pulse crops are reported as normal and 42 per cent behind.
- 74 per cent of perennial forages are reported as normal and 26 per cent behind.
- 58 per cent of annual forages are reported as normal and 42 per cent behind.

Four per cent of the land that would normally be seeded did not get seeded this spring in the region due to excess moisture. Of the seeded land this spring, producers indicate that two per cent has excess moisture and is unlikely to produce a crop. Similarly, two per cent

of forage crops are reported to have excess moisture and are unlikely to produce a crop while two per cent of pastureland is not accessible or usable.

Areas within the region that are experiencing reduced moisture have reported that one per cent of forage crops may have their yield significantly affected, and one per cent of pastures may have their carrying capacity reduced.

Most livestock water supplies are considered to be adequate for the region. While moderate shortages are reported in four per cent of livestock water sources, 96 per cent are not expected to be short in the coming months. No concerns were reported about livestock water quality in the region.

Minor to moderate crop damage was reported in the region this week due to extremely wet and windy conditions. Minor to moderate damage from flea beetles were also reported.

#### **Northwestern Saskatchewan:**

- Census Division 16 – Blaine Lake, Canwood, North Battleford, Radisson and Spiritwood areas
- Census Division 17 – Glaslyn, Maidstone, Meadow Lake, Pierceland and St. Walburg areas

Seeding is largely wrapped up in the region, with producers focused on in-crop spraying and pest and disease monitoring. Although some much-needed rain was received in many areas within the region, cooler weather conditions have generally slowed crop development. Producers are hoping for favourable weather conditions in the coming days to help speed up crop development and complete spraying activities.

Rainfall varied in the region with the Redberry area receiving the highest amount at 59 millimetres (mm), followed by the Frenchman Butte area with 53 mm and the Eldon region with 42 mm.

Topsoil moisture for the region is rated as mostly adequate, with some areas experiencing surplus topsoil moisture conditions.

Cropland topsoil moisture is:

- 6 per cent surplus;
- 92 per cent adequate; and
- 2 per cent short.

Hayland topsoil moisture is:

- 6 per cent surplus;
- 92 per cent adequate; and

- 2 per cent short.

Pasture topsoil moisture is:

- 6 per cent surplus;
- 92 per cent adequate; and
- 2 per cent short.

Majority of the crops are reported to be at normal stages of development with a fair amount being reported as behind due to cool weather conditions.

Crop development for this time of year in the region is rated as follows:

- 100 per cent of fall cereals are reported as normal.
- 1 per cent of spring cereals are reported as ahead, 70 per cent as normal and 29 per cent behind.
- 56 per cent of oilseeds are reported as normal and 44 per cent behind.
- 1 per cent of pulse crops are reported as ahead, 86 per cent as normal and 13 per cent behind.
- 1 per cent of perennial forages are reported as ahead and 99 per cent normal.
- 88 per cent of annual forages are reported as normal and 12 per cent behind.

Three per cent of the land that would normally be seeded did not get seeded this spring in the region due to excess moisture. Of the seeded land this spring, producers indicate that two per cent has excess moisture and is unlikely to produce a crop. In addition, one per cent of forage crops are reported to have excess moisture and are unlikely to produce a crop.

Most livestock water supplies are considered to be adequate for the region. While 13 per cent of sources may be short within the next two months, 87 per cent are not expected to be short in the coming months.

Gophers continue to cause crop damage with a few areas reporting moderate damage. Meanwhile, wind and excess moisture caused minor crop damage in areas within the region. Flea beetles, cutworms and pea leaf weevils were also reported as causing minor damage. A few reports of minor crop damage due to leaf diseases and root rot are being recorded.

## Saskatchewan Crop Development (for the period of June 16 to June 22, 2026)

### Provincial Crop Development

Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	1%	85%	14%
Spring Cereals	1%	65%	34%
Oilseeds	1%	54%	45%
Pulse Crops	1%	77%	22%
Perennial Forage	1%	80%	19%
Annual Forage	0%	74%	26%

### Southeast Saskatchewan Crop Development

Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	1%	80%	19%
Spring Cereals	3%	72%	25%
Oilseeds	2%	65%	33%
Pulse Crops	4%	82%	14%
Perennial Forage	1%	78%	21%
Annual Forage	0%	85%	15%

### Southwest Saskatchewan Crop Development

Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	0%	90%	10%
Spring Cereals	1%	79%	20%
Oilseeds	0%	77%	23%
Pulse Crops	1%	83%	16%
Perennial Forage	0%	86%	14%
Annual Forage	0%	94%	6%

### East-Central Saskatchewan Crop Development

Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	2%	72%	26%
Spring Cereals	2%	48%	50%
Oilseeds	0%	42%	58%
Pulse Crops	0%	73%	27%
Perennial Forage	1%	61%	38%
Annual Forage	0%	67%	33%

### West-Central Saskatchewan Crop Development

Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	1%	92%	7%
Spring Cereals	0%	66%	34%
Oilseeds	0%	66%	34%
Pulse Crops	0%	69%	31%
Perennial Forage	0%	73%	27%
Annual Forage	0%	64%	36%

### Northeast Saskatchewan Crop Development

Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	0%	66%	34%
Spring Cereals	0%	54%	46%
Oilseeds	0%	43%	57%
Pulse Crops	0%	58%	42%
Perennial Forage	0%	74%	26%
Annual Forage	0%	58%	42%

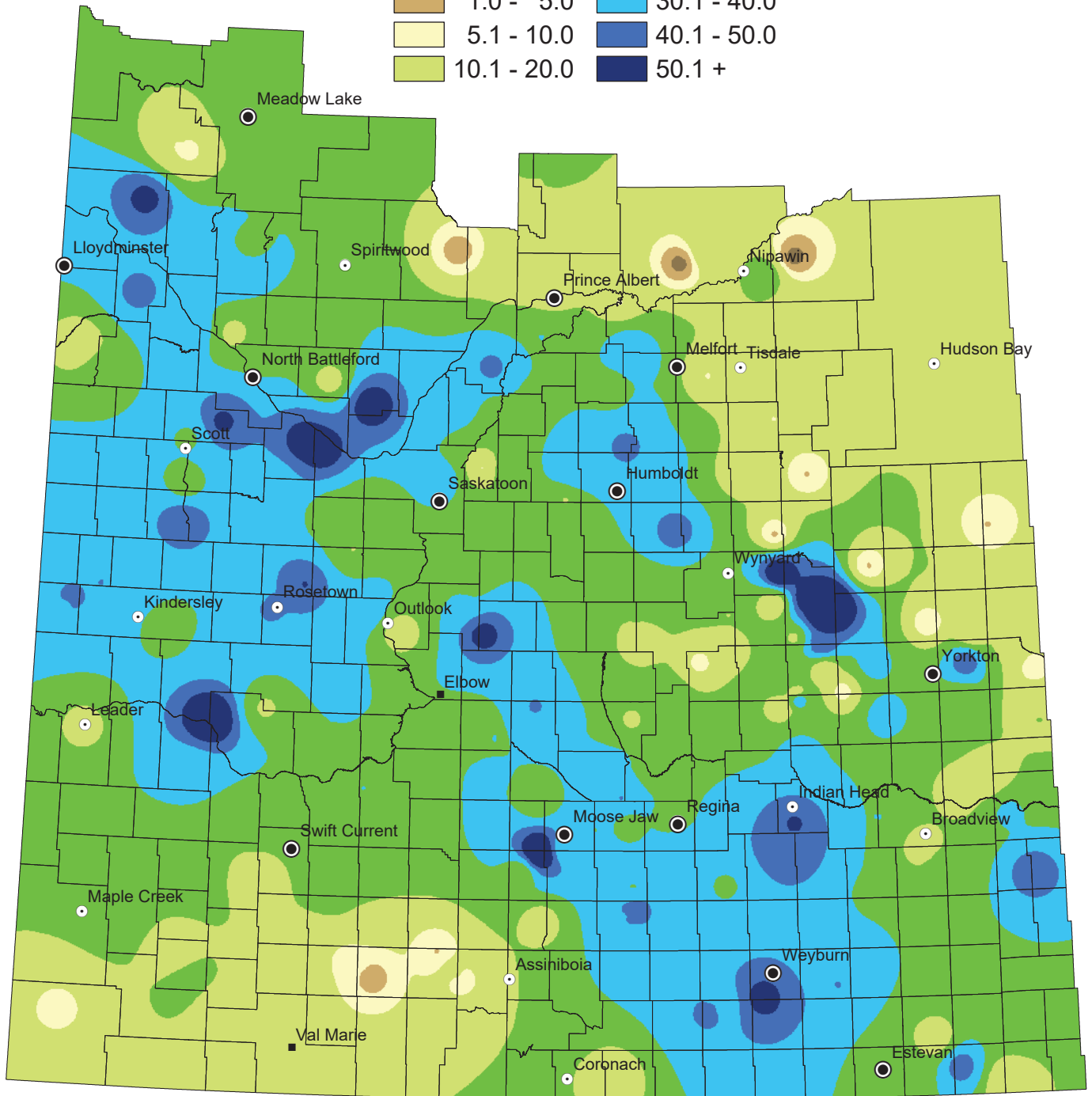
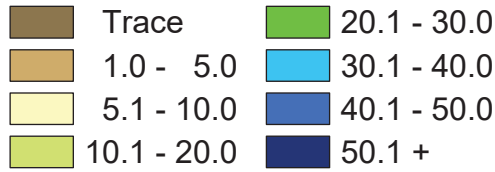
### Northwest Saskatchewan Crop Development

Crop	% Ahead	% Normal	% Behind
Fall Cereals	0%	100%	0%
Spring Cereals	1%	70%	29%
Oilseeds	0%	56%	44%
Pulse Crops	1%	86%	13%
Perennial Forage	1%	99%	0%
Annual Forage	0%	88%	12%

# Weekly Rainfall

from June 16 to June 22, 2026

## Rainfall (mm)



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.



# Weekly Rainfall Summary

(reported in millimeters)

1 inch=25 mm

for the period from June 16 to June 22, 2026

Census Division	RM No.	RM Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr	Census Division	RM No.	RM Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr	Census Division	RM No.	RM Name	Past Week	Since 1-Apr
1	3	ENNISKILLEN	44	178	8	138	WEBB	20	143	14	366	KELVINGTON	5	53
1	4	COALFIELDS	21	167	8	139	GULL LAKE	28	121	14	367	PONASS LAKE	14	101
1	32	RECIPROCITY	26	151	8	168	RIVERSIDE	25	118	14	394	HUDSON BAY	19	129
1	34	BROWNING	15	162	8	228	LACADENA	68	145	14	395	PORCUPINE	N/A	41
1	94	HAZELWOOD	N/A	0	8	229	MIRY CREEK	32	93	14	397	BARRIER VALLEY	8	78
1	95	GOLDEN WEST	30	173	8	231	HAPPYLAND	18	93	14	428	STAR CITY	10	69
1	2A	MOUNT PLEASANT	11	98	8	259	SNIPER LAKE	36	111	14	456	ARBORFIELD	13	94
2	10	HAPPY VALLEY	15	50	8	138A	WEBB	14	79	14	457	CONNAUGHT	N/A	37
2	38	LAURIER	44	126	8	228A	LACADENA	N/A	64	14	486	MOOSE RANGE	0	67
2	66	GRIFFIN	40	150	8	257A	MONET	19	107	14	487	NIPAWIN	25	65
2	67	WEYBURN	54	101	8	259A	SNIPER LAKE	N/A	73	14	488	TORCH RIVER	18	70
2	70	KEY WEST	N/A	12	9	241	CALDER	7	179	14	394A	HUDSON BAY	14	139
2	100	ELMSTHORPE	40	99	9	243	WALLACE	47	103	14	397A	BARRIER VALLEY	16	54
2	100A	ELMSTHORPE	44	80	9	245	GARRY	7	83	14	488A	TORCH RIVER	0	0
2	38A	LAURIER	32	78	9	273	SLIDING HILLS	11	135	14	488B	TORCH RIVER	N/A	5
3	73	STONEHENGE	8	116	9	274	GOOD LAKE	6	124	15	369	ST. PETER	35	110
3	74	WOOD RIVER	13	105	9	301	ST. PHILIPS	N/A	50	15	371	BAYNE	34	105
3	75	PINTO CREEK	3	57	9	305	INVERMAY	5	145	15	372	GRANT	28	105
3	76	AUVERGNE	9	87	9	331	LIVINGSTON	5	147	15	373	ABERDEEN	10	80
3	101	TERRELL	N/A	0	9	241A	CALDER	19	272	15	399	LAKE LENORE	32	123
3	102	LAKE JOHNSTON	15	110	9	245A	GARRY	33	127	15	400	THREE LAKES	44	106
3	106	WHISKA CREEK	21	90	10	246	ITUNA BON ACCORD	6	72	15	402	FISH CREEK	29	62
3	74A	KEY WEST	5	90	10	247	KELLROSS	26	96	15	429	FLETT'S SPRINGS	34	97
4	51	RENO	9	82	10	248	TOUCHWOOD	8	109	15	430	INVERGORDON	27	35
4	79	ARLINGTON	26	124	10	277	EMERALD	21	97	15	459	KINISTINO	N/A	82
4	110	PIAPOT	25	153	10	279	MOUNT HOPE	14	151	15	461	PRINCE ALBERT	30	68
4	77A	WISE CREEK	14	93	10	307	ELFROS	68	208	15	463	DUCK LAKE	42	76
4	78A	GRASSY CREEK	15	107	10	309	PRAIRIE ROSE	24	121	15	491	BUCKLAND	11	22
4	79A	ARLINGTON	15	178	10	336	SASMAN	5	55	15	520	PADDOCKWOOD	N/A	0
5	122	MARTIN	45	200	10	339	LEROY	45	109	15	521	LAKELAND	N/A	0
5	124	KINGSLEY	23	179	10	246A	ITUNA BON ACCORD	11	72	15	371A	BAYNE	20	97
5	151	ROCANVILLE	32	168	10	248A	TOUCHWOOD	15	142	15	371B	BAYNE	38	127
5	155	WOLSELEY	30	129	10	276A	FOAM LAKE	60	197	15	399A	LAKE LENORE	N/A	16
5	181	LANGENBURG	18	276	10	276B	FOAM LAKE	110	248	15	403A	ROSTHERN	36	114
5	183	FERTILE BELT	15	198	10	276C	FOAM LAKE	50	134	15	403C	ROSTHERN	25	104
5	211	CHURCHBRIDGE	20	181	10	276D	FOAM LAKE	19	92	15	461A	PRINCE ALBERT	10	39
5	213	SALT COATS	26	226	10	277A	EMERALD	7	122	15	461B	PRINCE ALBERT	N/A	2
5	215	STANLEY	34	175	10	279A	MOUNT HOPE	20	65	16	434	BLAINE LAKE	N/A	12
5	125A	CHESTERFIELD	29	100	11	251	BIG ARM	N/A	70	16	435	REDBERRY	59	183
5	154A	ELCAPO	15	167	11	280	WREFORD	20	83	16	436	DOUGLAS	16	52
5	183A	FERTILE BELT	15	260	11	283	ROSEDALE	31	115	16	437	NORTH BATTLEFORD	27	139
5	211A	CHURCHBRIDGE	13	184	11	284	RUDY	14	22	16	466	MEETING LAKE	26	85
6	127	FRANCIS	47	177	11	314	DUNDURN	22	118	16	467	ROUND HILL	N/A	52
6	128	LAJORD	29	63	11	344	CORMAN PARK	33	82	16	493	SHELLBROOK	14	53
6	130	REDBURN	30	73	11	282A	McCRANEY	54	90	16	494	CANWOOD	3	47
6	156	INDIAN HEAD	51	174	12	286	MILDEN	38	144	16	497	MEDSTEAD	N/A	68
6	160	PENSE	30	53	12	287	ST. ANDREWS	42	94	16	437A	NORTH BATTLEFORD	N/A	104
6	186	ABERNETHY	35	151	12	288	PLEASANT VALLEY	31	83	16	467A	ROUND HILL	29	95
6	190	DUFFERIN	40	98	12	316	HARRIS	20	60	17	468	MEOTA	17	83
6	216	TULLYMET	N/A	10	12	317	MARRIOTT	50	115	17	470	PAYNTON	1	5
6	217	LIPTON	12	168	12	345	VANSCOY	23	55	17	471	ELDON	42	154
6	219	LONGLAKETON	25	127	12	346	PERDUE	23	108	17	498	PARKDALE	37	134
6	221	SARNIA	31	141	12	347	BIGGAR	31	108	17	499	MERVIN	39	104
6	127B	FRANCIS	49	116	12	376	EAGLE CREEK	59	132	17	502	BRITANNIA	33	111
6	159A	SHERWOOD	37	79	12	377	GLENSIDE	57	123	17	561	LOON LAKE	10	84
6	159B	SHERWOOD	26	94	12	285A	FERTILE VALLEY	37	99	17	588	MEADOW LAKE	29	150
6	160A	PENSE	28	55	13	290	KINDERSLEY	23	74	17	622	BEAVER RIVER	N/A	120
6	190A	DUFFERIN	N/A	0	13	292	MILTON	44	141	17	498A	PARKDALE	28	110
6	190B	DUFFERIN	31	107	13	321	PRAIRIEDALE	40	142	17	501A	FRENCHMAN BUTTE	53	129
6	190C	DUFFERIN	33	111	13	350	MARIPOSA	47	105	17	501C	FRENCHMAN BUTTE	N/A	50
6	216A	TULLYMET	45	75	13	351	PROGRESS	N/A	95	17	561A	LOON LAKE	9	84
6	217A	LIPTON	N/A	2	13	379	REFORD	26	93					
6	219A	LONGLAKETON	24	129	13	382	EYE HILL	35	109					
6	219B	LONGLAKETON	N/A	60	13	409	BUFFALO	52	152					
6	220A	McKILLOP	19	111	13	440	HILLSDALE	26	139					
7	132	HILLSBOROUGH	77	187	13	442	MANITOU LAKE	12	145					
7	136	COULEE	25	91	13	292A	MILTON	31	94					
7	161	MOOSE JAW	32	81	13	320A	OAKDALE	33	75					
7	162	CARON	N/A	83	13	321A	PRAIRIEDALE	N/A	35					
7	165	MORSE	30	150	13	409A	BUFFALO	29	112					
7	193	EYEBROW	31	145										
7	223	HURON	30	128										
7	132A	HILLSBOROUGH	23	47										
7	136A	COULEE	N/A	0										
7	161A	MOOSE JAW	N/A	38										
7	162A	CARON	23	83										
7	222A	CRAIK	41	150										
7	223A	HURON	23	97										

Municipality No: A, B, C and D - more than one reporter

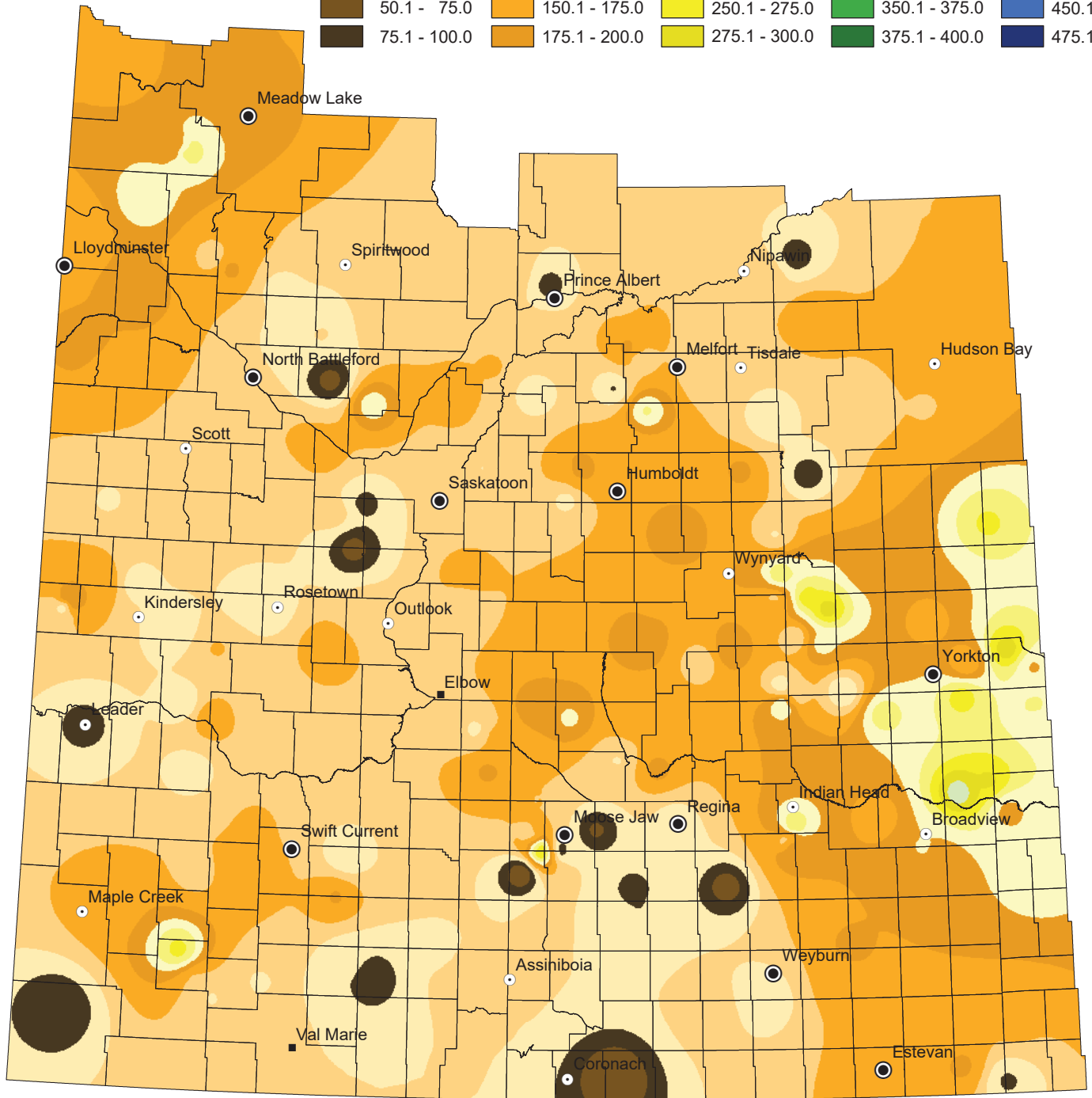
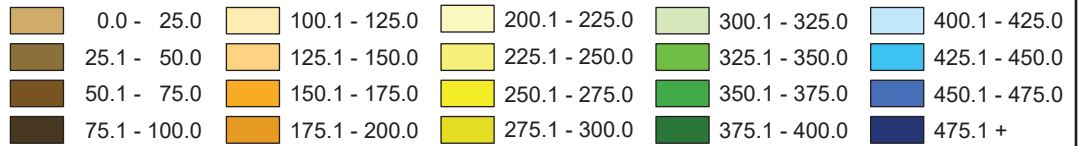
These precipitation amounts represent point locations within each municipality and do not necessarily reflect the whole R. M.

N/A indicates that rainfall was not reported for the week

# Cumulative Rainfall

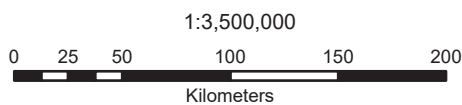
## from April 1 to June 22, 2026

### Rainfall (mm)



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

Saskatchewan



Projection: UTM Zone 13 Datum: NAD83



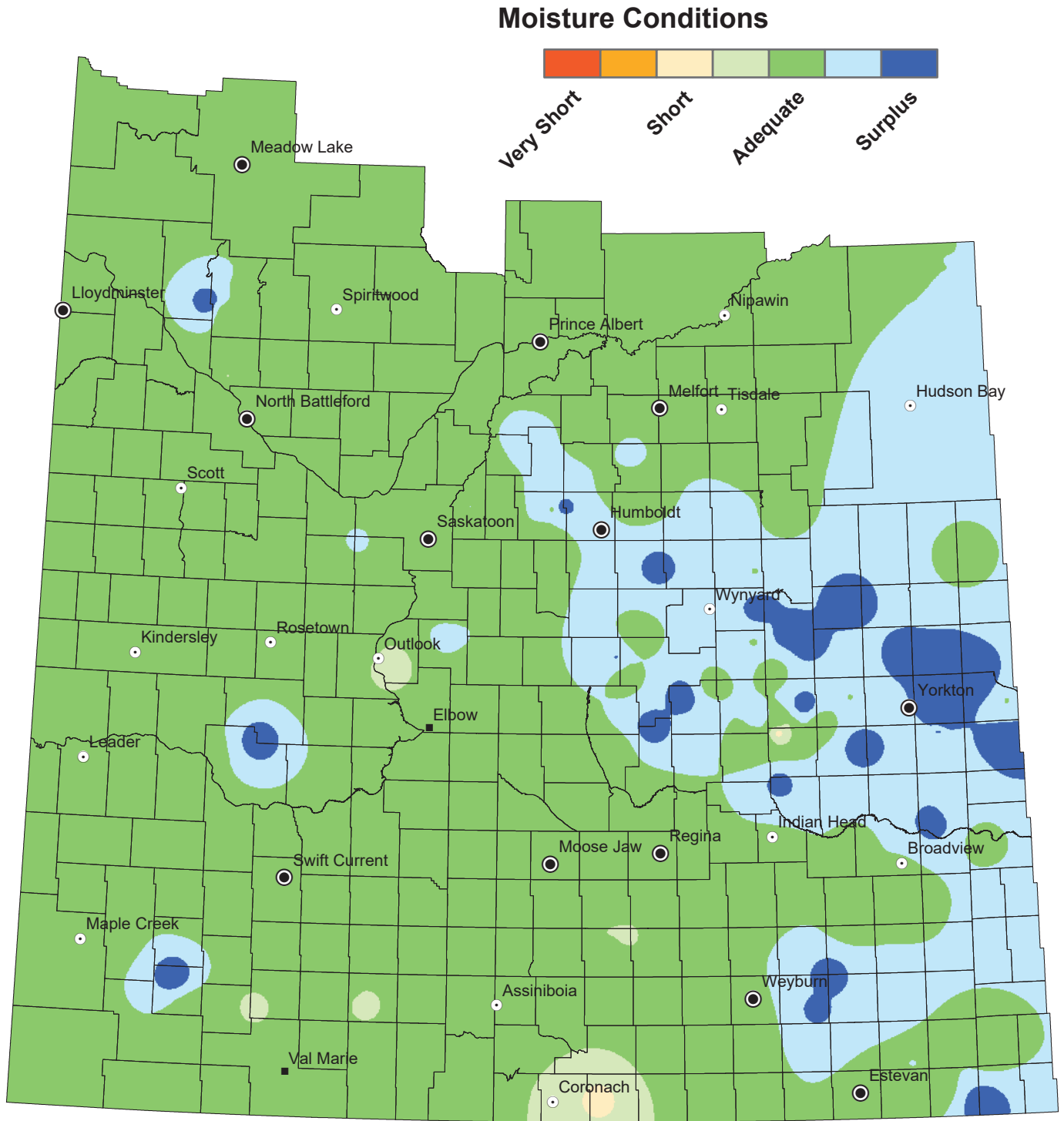
Data Source:  
Rainfall - Ministry of Agriculture, Crop Report Database  
IDW interpolation (power 2.5, fixed radius 300 km)

Geomatics Services, Ministry of Agriculture

June 24, 2026

# Cropland Topsoil Moisture Conditions

from June 16 to June 22, 2026

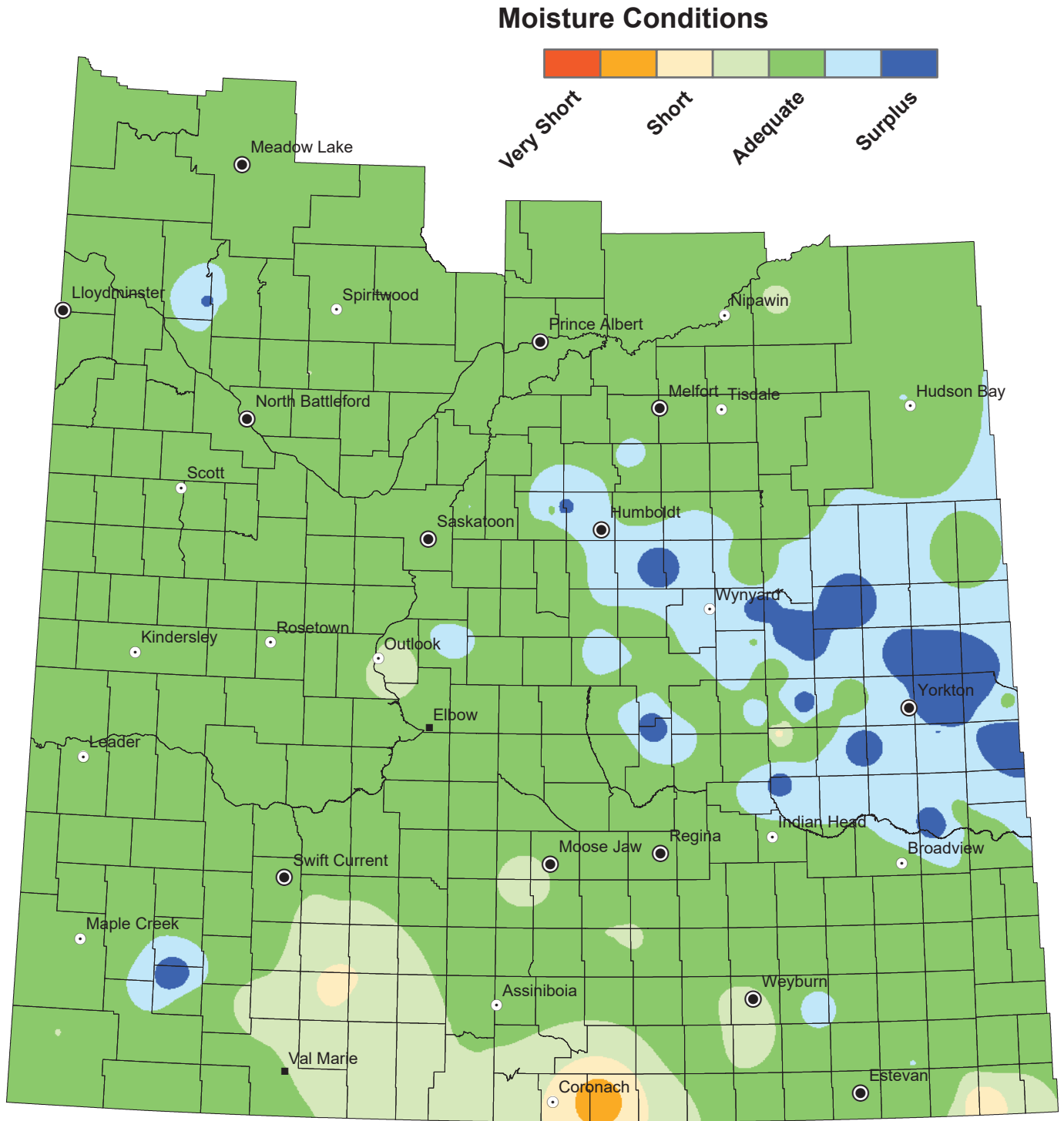


NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.



# Hay Topsoil Moisture Conditions

from June 16 to June 22, 2026

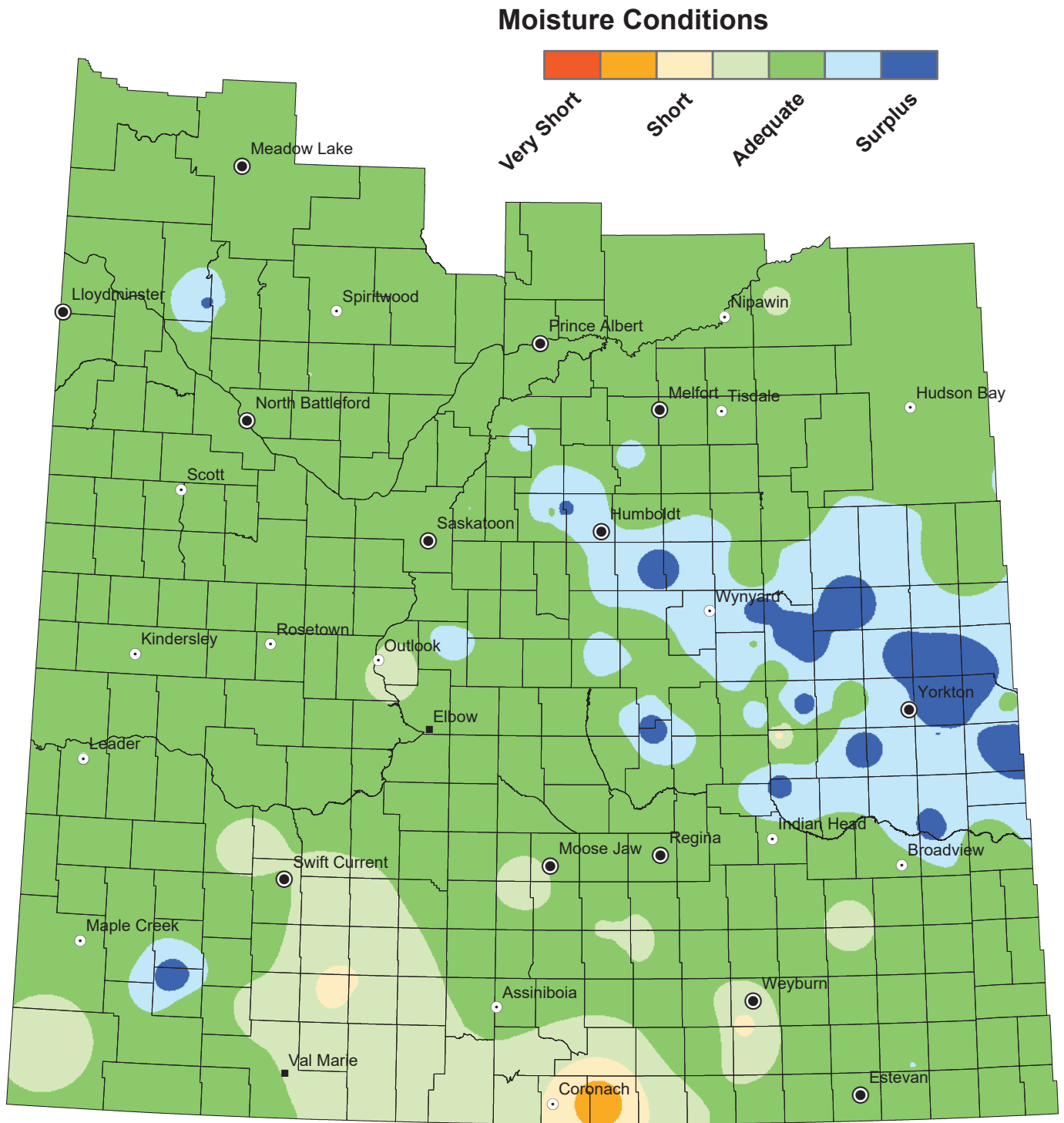


NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.



# Pasture Topsoil Moisture Conditions

from June 16 to June 22, 2026



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.



**Topsoil Moisture Conditions-for the period of June 16th to June 22th, 2026**

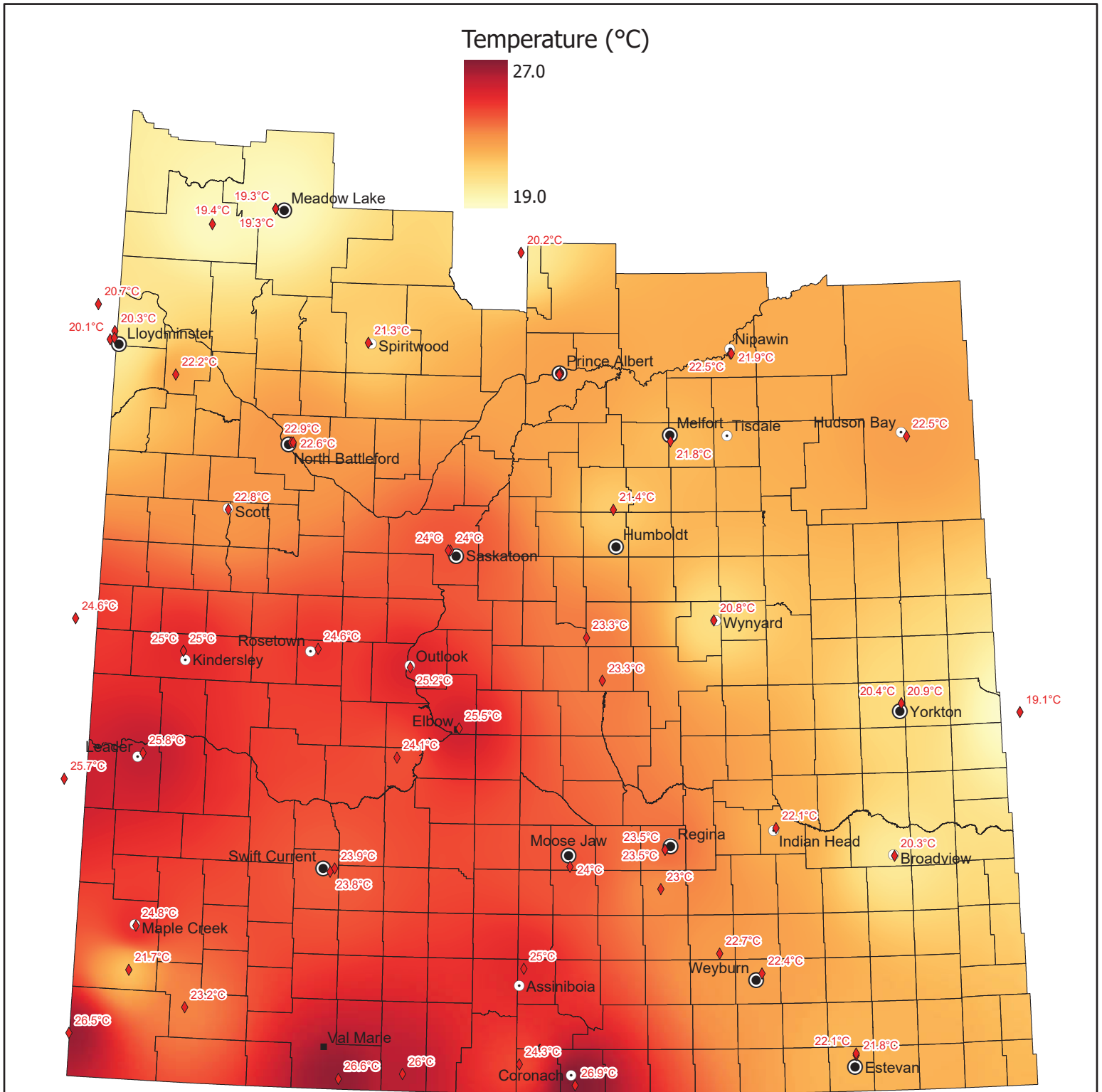
<b>Cropland</b>				
<b>Region</b>	<b>Surplus</b>	<b>Adequate</b>	<b>Short</b>	<b>Very Short</b>
South East	25%	69%	5%	1%
South West	8%	87%	5%	0%
East Central	42%	53%	5%	0%
West Central	3%	97%	0%	0%
North East	14%	84%	2%	0%
North West	6%	92%	2%	0%
<b>Provincial Average</b>	<b>20%</b>	<b>77%</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>0%</b>

<b>Hayland</b>				
<b>Region</b>	<b>Surplus</b>	<b>Adequate</b>	<b>Short</b>	<b>Very Short</b>
South East	14%	69%	14%	3%
South West	4%	74%	22%	0%
East Central	42%	50%	8%	0%
West Central	2%	98%	0%	0%
North East	8%	89%	3%	0%
North West	6%	92%	2%	0%
<b>Provincial Average</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>77%</b>	<b>7%</b>	<b>1%</b>

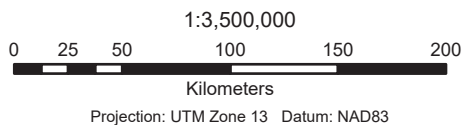
<b>Pasture</b>				
<b>Region</b>	<b>Surplus</b>	<b>Adequate</b>	<b>Short</b>	<b>Very Short</b>
South East	13%	71%	12%	4%
South West	6%	74%	20%	0%
East Central	40%	51%	9%	0%
West Central	1%	99%	0%	0%
North East	8%	89%	3%	0%
North West	6%	92%	2%	0%
<b>Provincial Average</b>	<b>12%</b>	<b>78%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>0%</b>

# Maximum Temperature

## from June 16 to June 22, 2026



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.

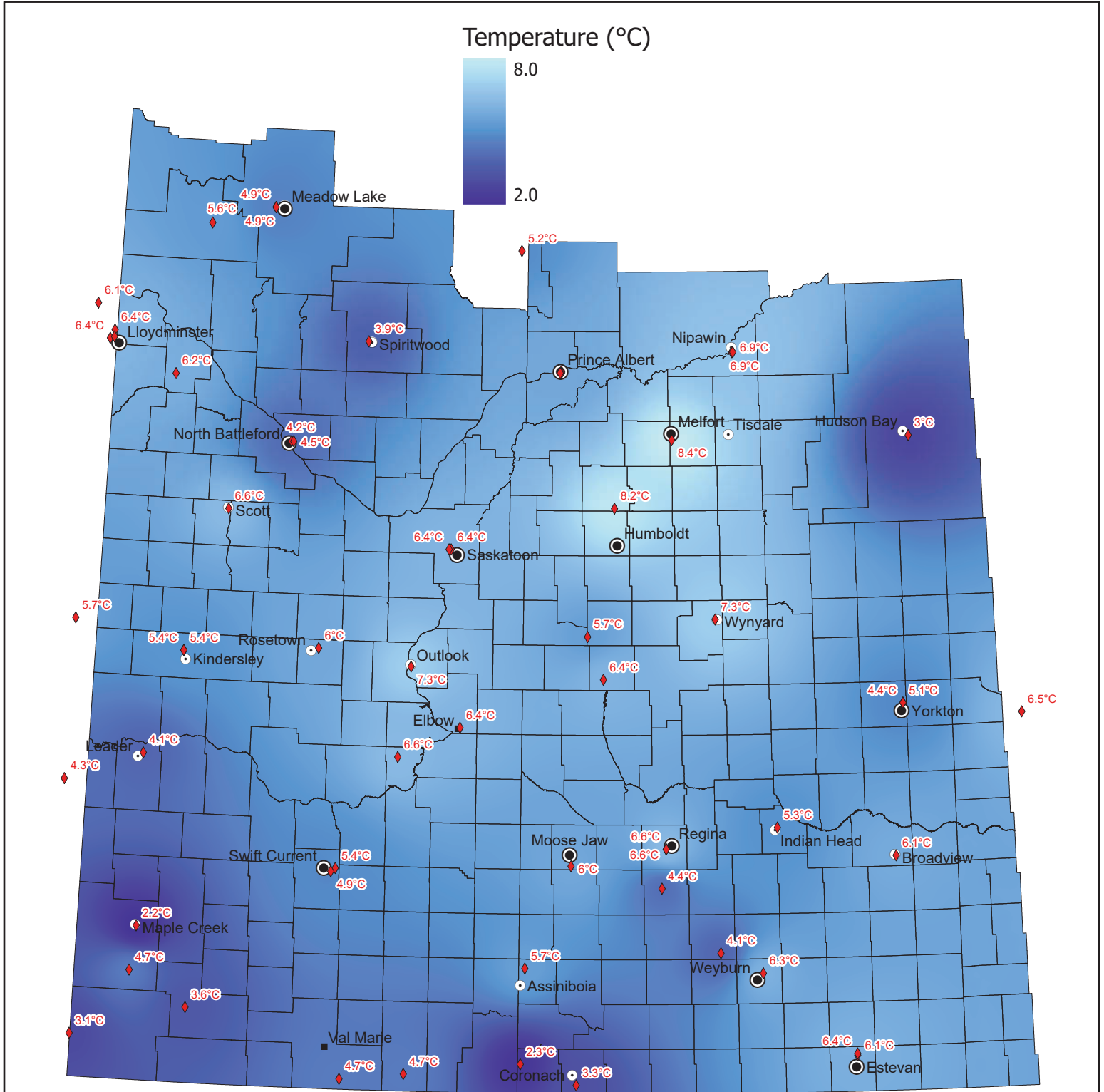


Data Sources:  
 Temperature data - Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment (Wildfire Management Branch) and Environment Canada.  
 Temperature data compiled and quality controlled by Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada  
 IDW interpolation (power 3.5, fixed radius 300 km)  
 Geomatics Services, Ministry of Agriculture

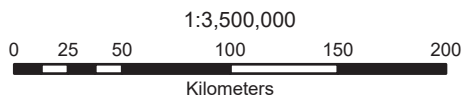
June 24, 2026

# Minimum Temperature

from June 16 to June 22, 2026



NOTE: Since techniques used to smooth the transition between zones can affect the values in localized areas, this map should be used for regional analysis only.



Projection: UTM Zone 13 Datum: NAD83



Data Sources:  
 Temperature data - Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment (Wildfire Management Branch) and Environment Canada.  
 Temperature data compiled and quality controlled by Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada  
 IDW interpolation (power 3.5, fixed radius 300 km)  
 Geomatics Services, Ministry of Agriculture

June 24, 2026