



Investor Presentation

Spring 2026

saskatchewan.ca

Saskatchewan
Canada 

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The Saskatchewan difference

Economic stability

- Diversified economy balances cyclicalities of non-renewable resources with agrifood industries
- Substantial private sector capital projects
- Canada's most affordable provincial jurisdiction
- Diversified Crown business sector

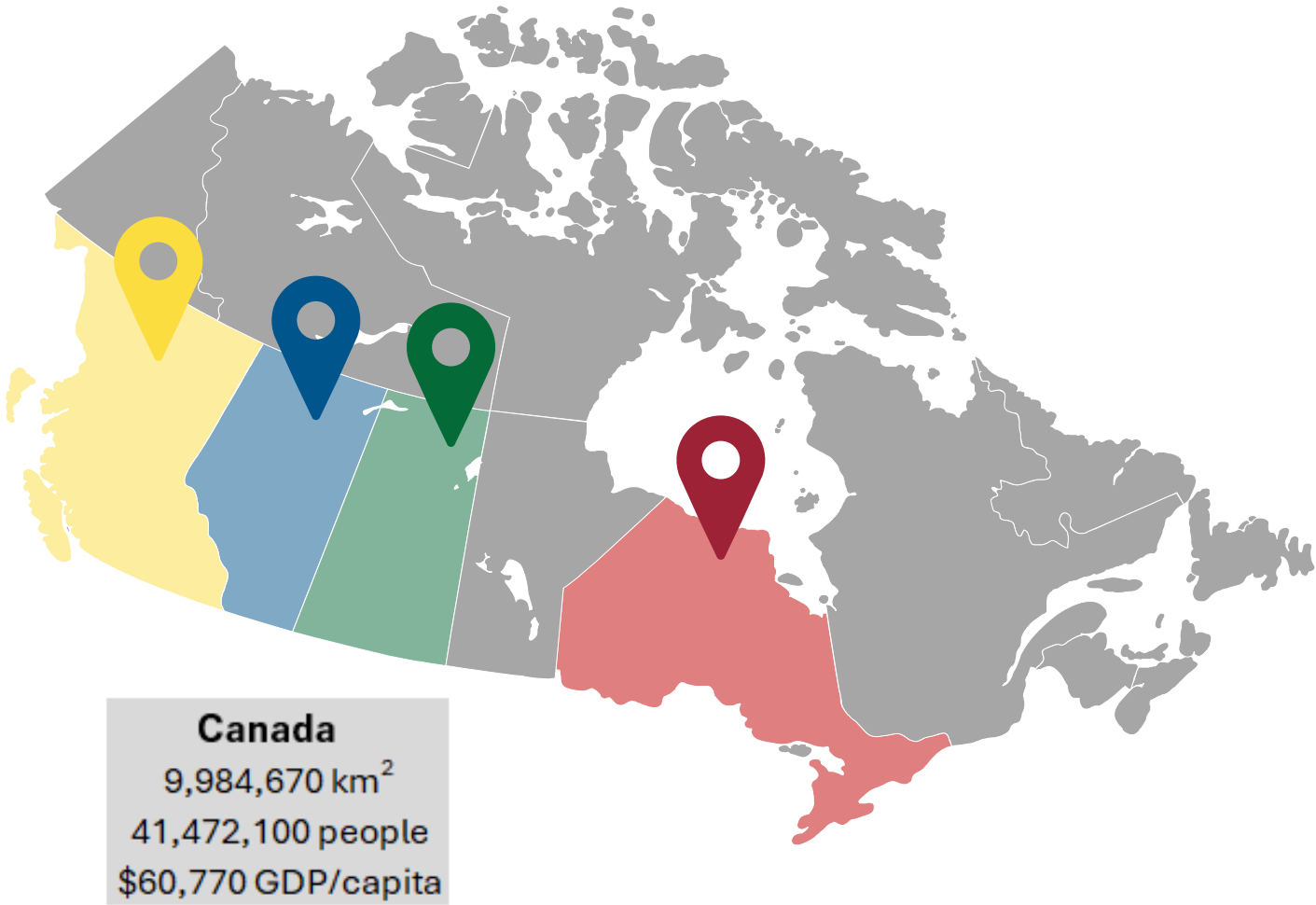
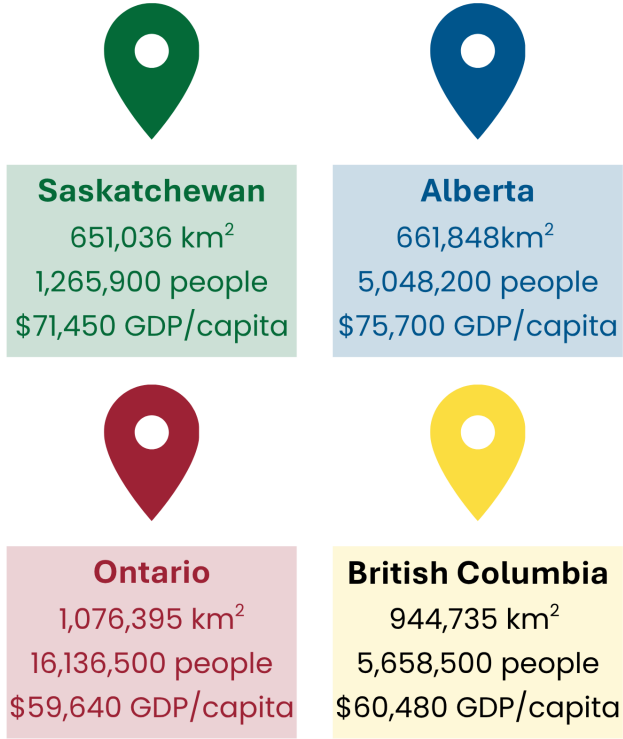
Fiscal responsibility

- Budget balance and low debt are Saskatchewan's fiscal anchors
- Fiscal forecast conservatism
- Competitive business taxes
- Attractive manufacturing and value-added processing incentives

Financial flexibility

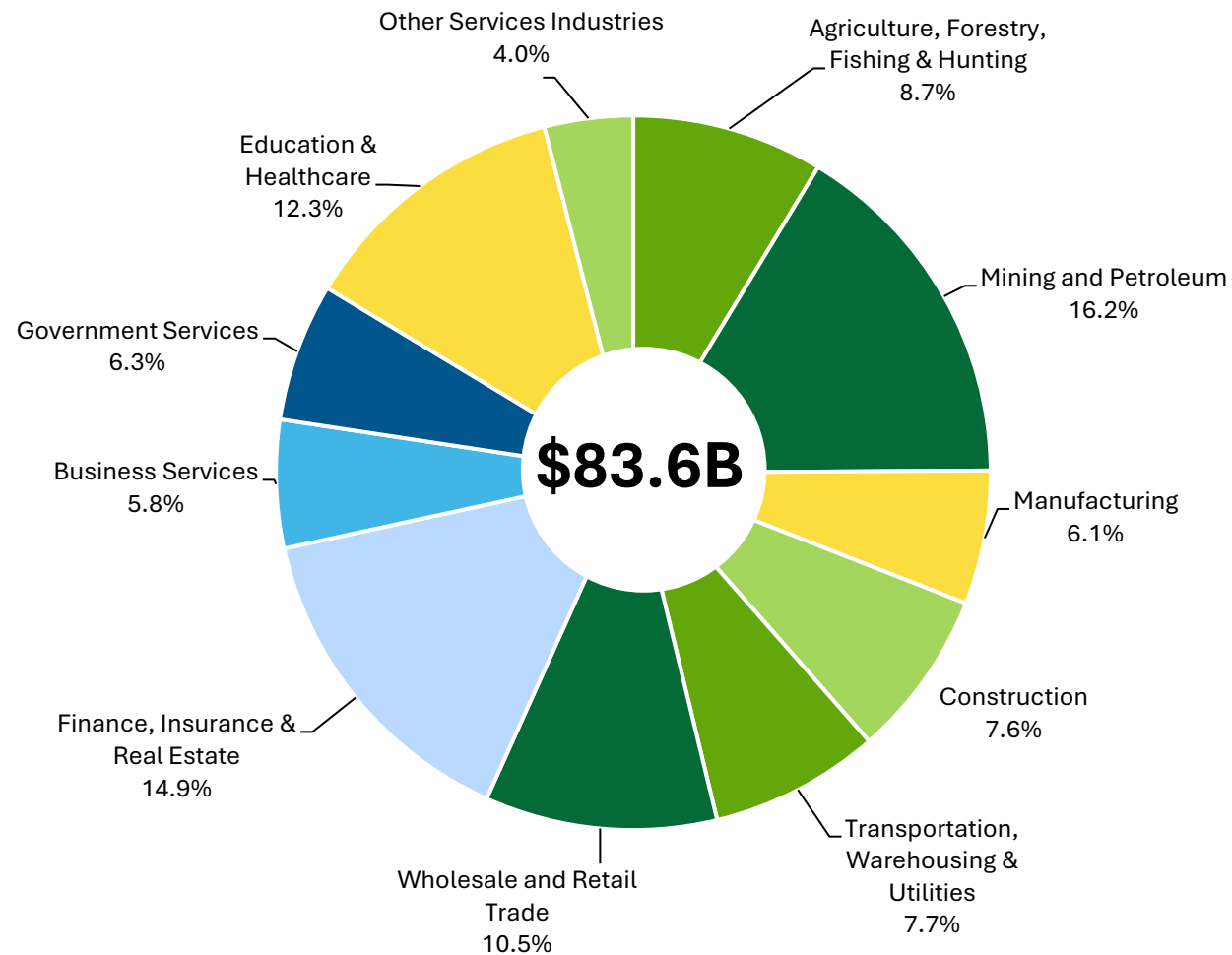
- Strong credit ratings
- Low Net Debt/GDP
- Moderate tax rates allow for adjustments to revenues when required
- High liquidity in both cash levels and sinking fund

Saskatchewan and selected provinces



Source for GDP: Statistics Canada, 2024 GDP expenditure-based, accessed March 2026.
Per capita calculated using 2024 GDP and Q2 2024 population.

Economic diversity



Saskatchewan Real GDP and share by industry, 2024

- Saskatchewan's high value, capital-intensive economy is comprised of roughly 50% goods and 50% services
- High per-capita GDP
- 2024 Nominal GDP estimated to be \$113B

Top international export products



OIL

\$11.3B



POTASH

\$9.0B



WHEAT

\$3.7B



CANOLA SEED

\$2.9B



CANOLA OIL

\$2.8B



URANIUM

\$2.3B



DURUM WHEAT

\$1.8B



LENTILS

\$1.5B



CANOLA MEAL

\$1.0B



PEAS

\$696.8M



FOOD



FUEL



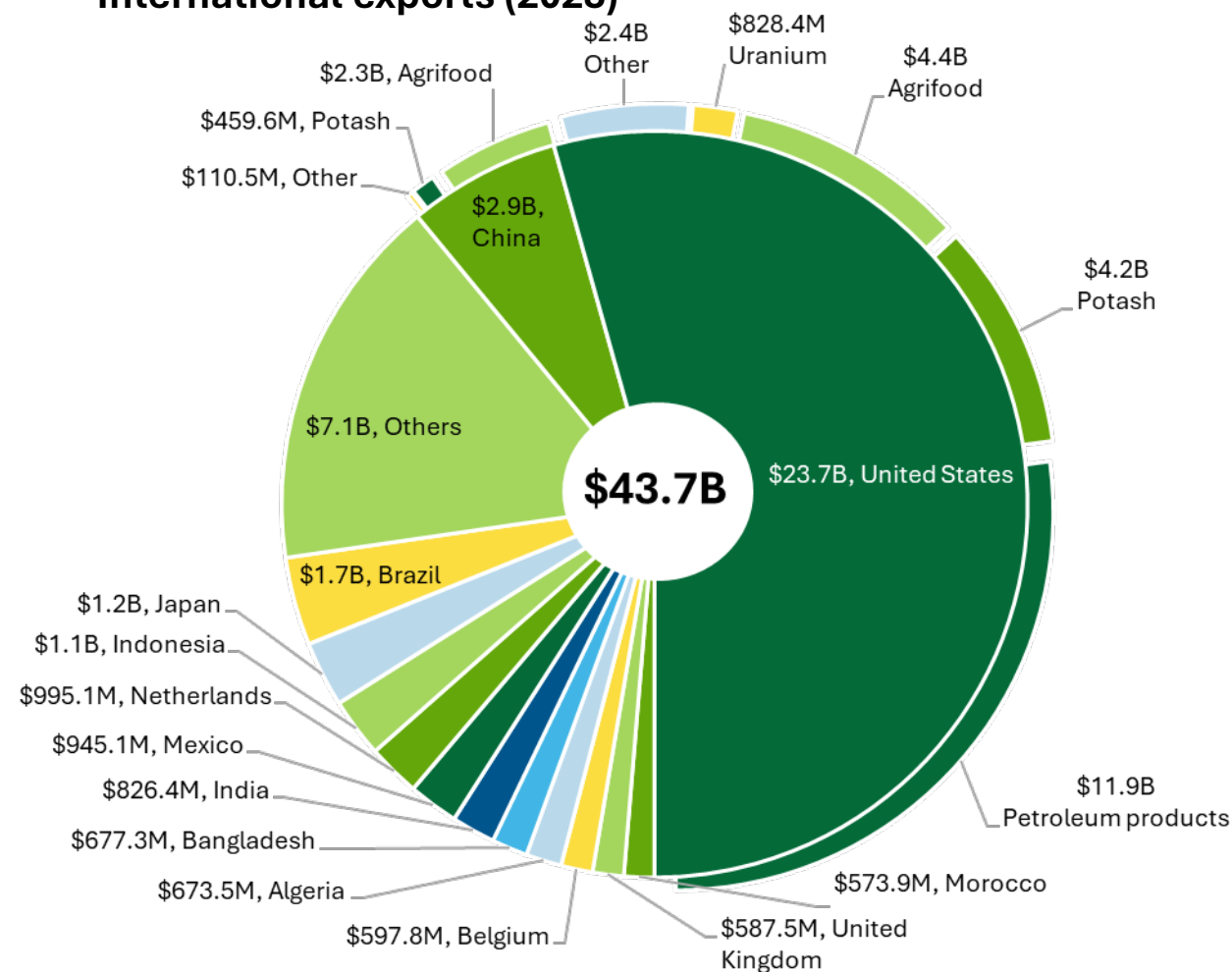
FERTILIZER

TOTAL EXPORTS FOR 2025 = \$43.7B

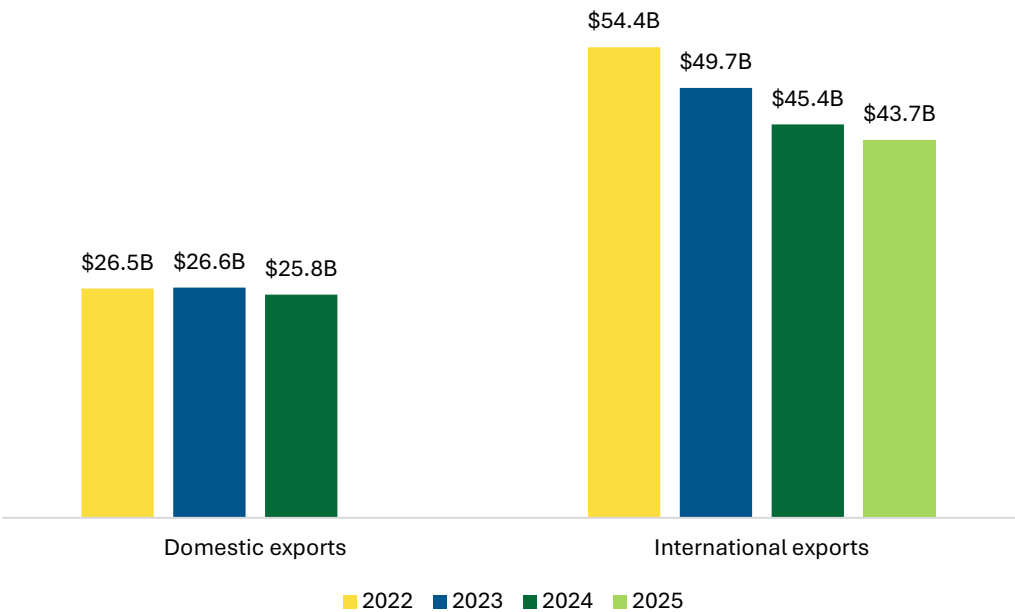
Source: Canada Trade Data Online, accessed 2025
Data may not total 100% due to rounding
Dollar figures are in \$CAN.

Saskatchewan exports

International exports (2025)



Export history



Crown sector



Insurance

Saskatchewan Government
Insurance (SGI CANADA)



Investment & Economic Growth

CIC Asset Management Inc.
(CIC AMI)



Entertainment

Lotteries and Gaming
Saskatchewan (LGS)



Utilities

Saskatchewan Power
Corporation (SaskPower)
Saskatchewan
Telecommunications (SaskTel)
SaskEnergy Inc. (SaskEnergy)
Saskatchewan Water
Corporation (SaskWater)

Broad Crown corporation business sector

- Generates significant annual profits for the government
- Employs 11,000+ people

2026-27 Budget and fiscal outlook

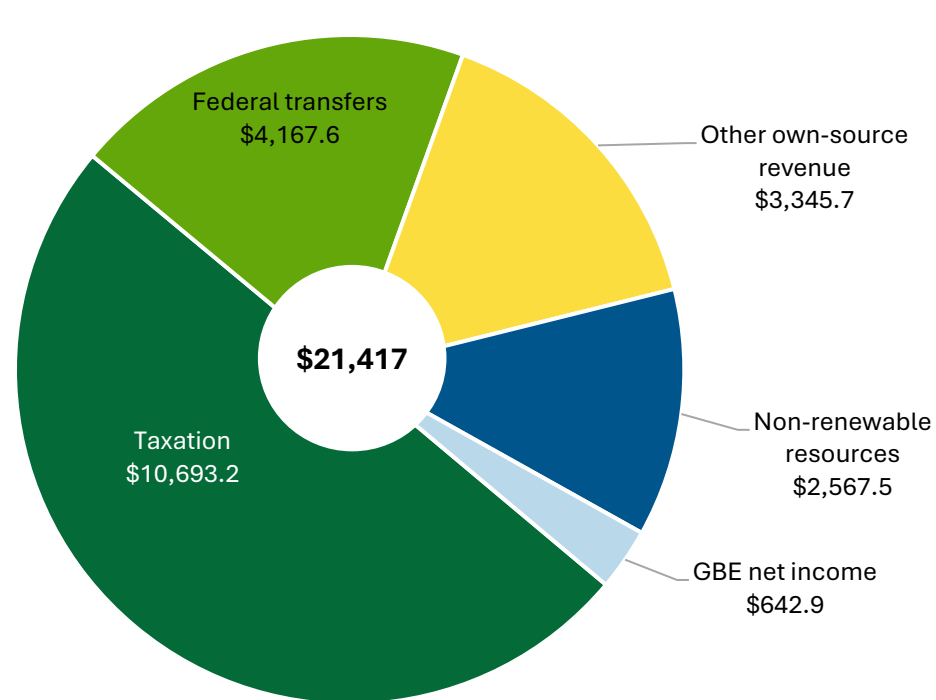
	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28	2028-29	2029-30	2030-31
(millions of dollars)	Actual	Forecast	Budget	Target	Target	Target	Target
Revenue	20,856	20,804	21,417	22,295	23,209	24,161	25,151
Expense	21,105	22,014	22,236	22,903	23,590	24,298	25,027
Deficit	(249)	(1,211)	(819)	(608)	(381)	(138)	124
Taxpayer-supported debt	21,712	24,391	26,822	29,286	31,368	33,058	
Self-supported debt	13,895	15,514	16,696	17,844	18,992	20,137	
Gross debt	35,606	39,905	43,519	47,130	50,360	53,194	
Net debt (\$M)	15,627	18,068	19,723	21,231	22,134	22,450	
Net debt as % of GDP	13.7	15.2	16.1	16.6	16.7	16.3	

- Targeting budget balance in 2030-31
- 2026-27 increase in taxpayer-supported debt supports operations and funds capital spending for executive government

Revenue and expense composition

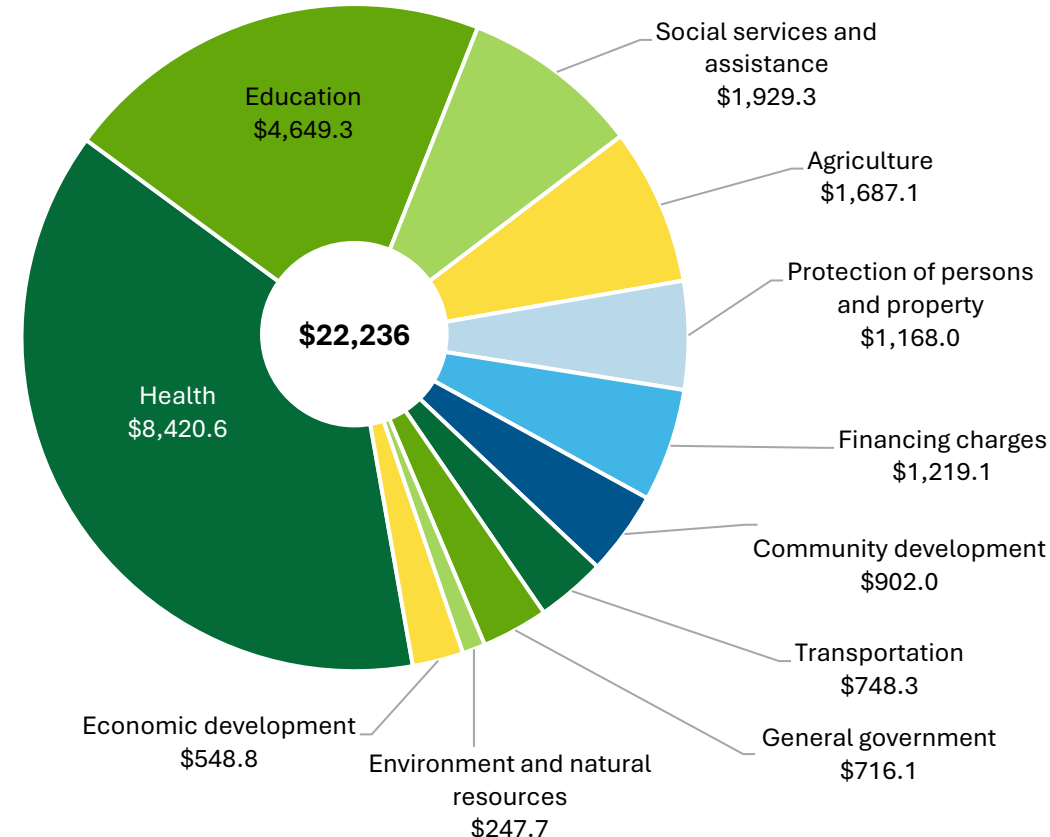
Revenue composition

Budget 2026-27 (\$ millions)



Expense composition

Budget 2026-27 (\$ millions)



Saskatchewan's economic outlook

Private sector economic forecast for Saskatchewan

(per cent change unless otherwise noted)

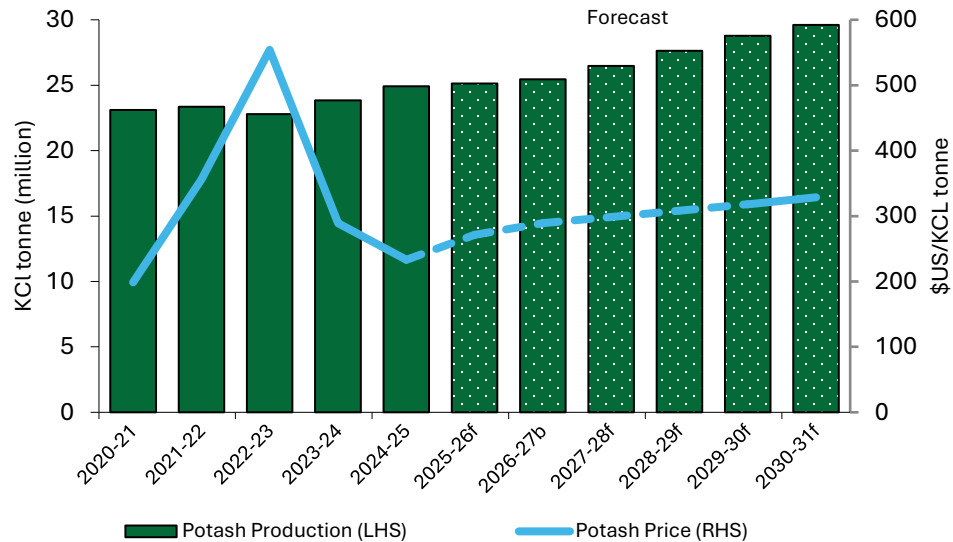
	Actual	Estimate	Forecast	Outlook			
	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Real GDP	3.0	2.2	1.6	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.3
Nominal GDP	0.0	4.3	3.3	4.3	3.9	3.6	3.5
Consumer Price Index (CPI)*	1.4	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0
Employment growth (000s)*	15.2	15.2	8.3	6.2	6.4	8.4	8.8
Unemployment rate (% level)*	5.4	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.2

* Actual values for 2025

Sources: Statistics Canada (2024-2025); Average private sector forecast as of February 9, 2026 (2025-2027); Ministry of Finance calculations based on average private sector forecast (2028-2030).

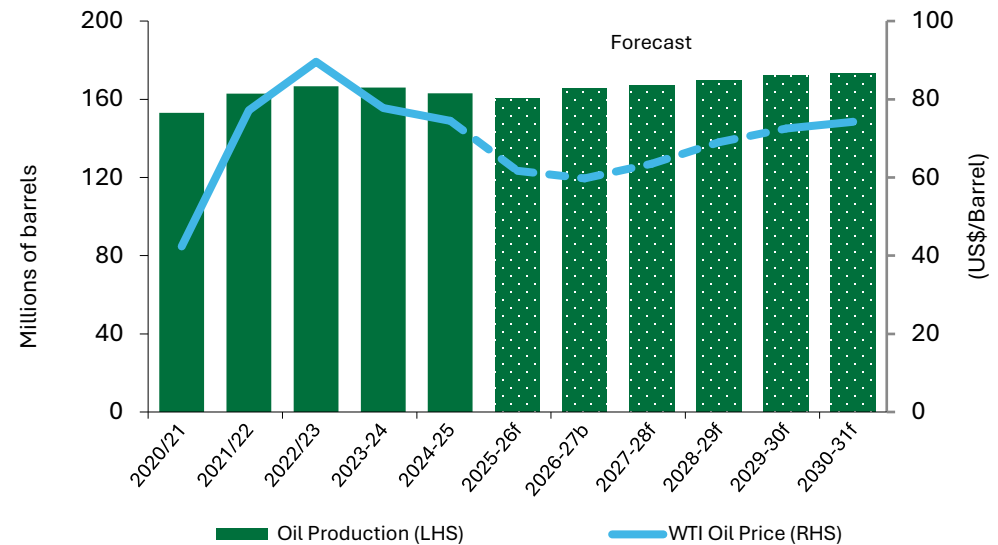
Commodity price and production outlook

Saskatchewan potash price and production



Source: Ministry of Energy and Resources (January 2026)

WTI oil price and Saskatchewan oil production



Source: Ministry of Energy and Resources (January 2026)

Potash

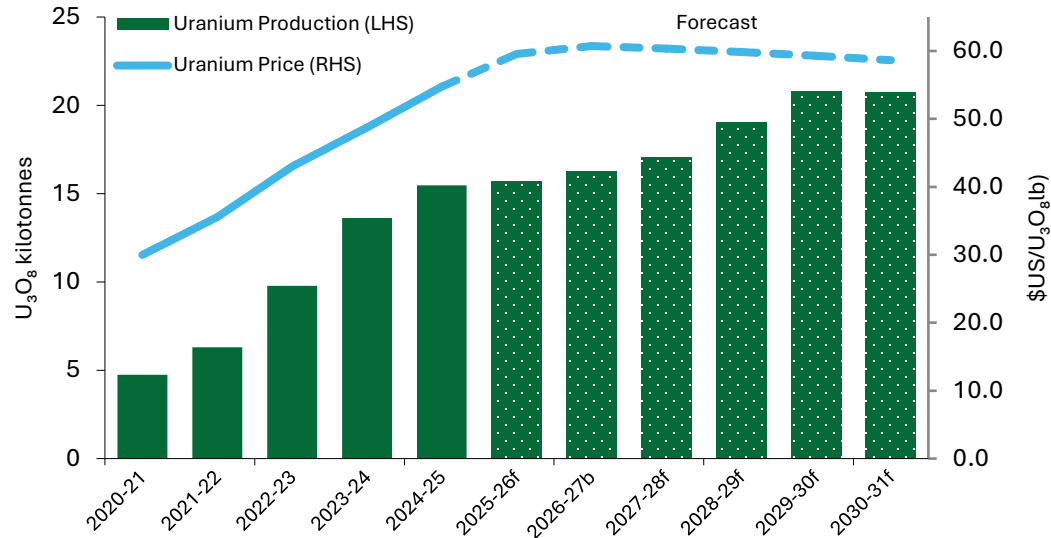
- Potash price expected to remain steady in 2026
- Strong global demand for potash and a long-term supply shift toward North America over the past several years
- New production coming online over the next five years

Energy

- Oil prices up from previously weak levels, with uncertainty around how long elevated prices will persist
- Saskatchewan's oil production is expected to grow over the medium term

Commodity price and production outlook

Saskatchewan uranium price and production

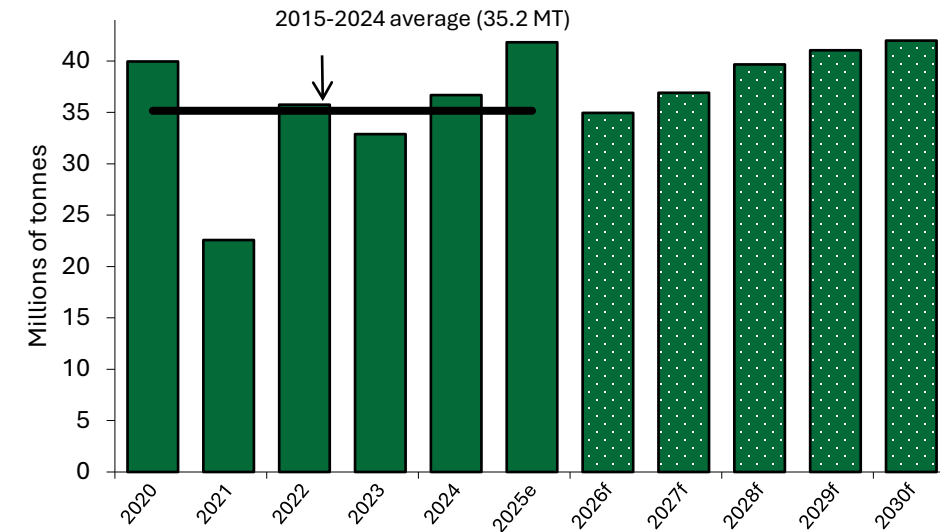


Source: Ministry of Energy and Resources (January 2026)

Uranium

- Production to increase over the medium term as global interest in nuclear energy grows
- Prices remain elevated with expectation that global uranium supplies will not keep pace with demand in coming years

Saskatchewan crop production



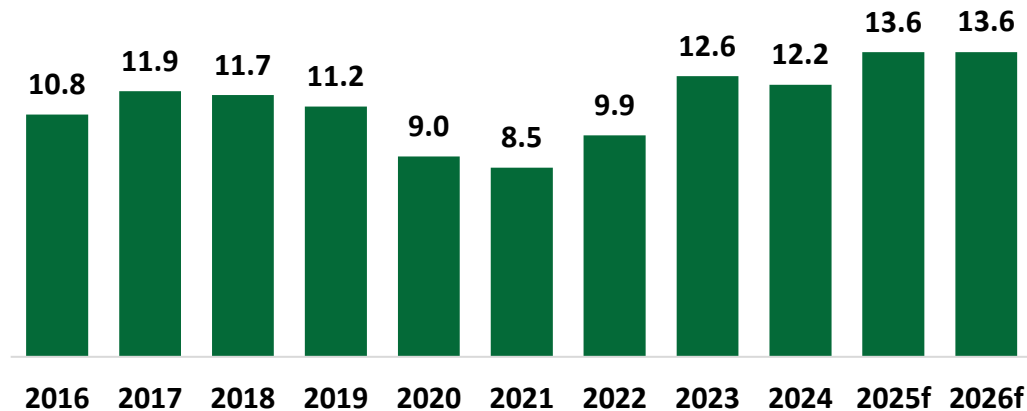
Source: Ministry of Agriculture (January 2026)

Crop

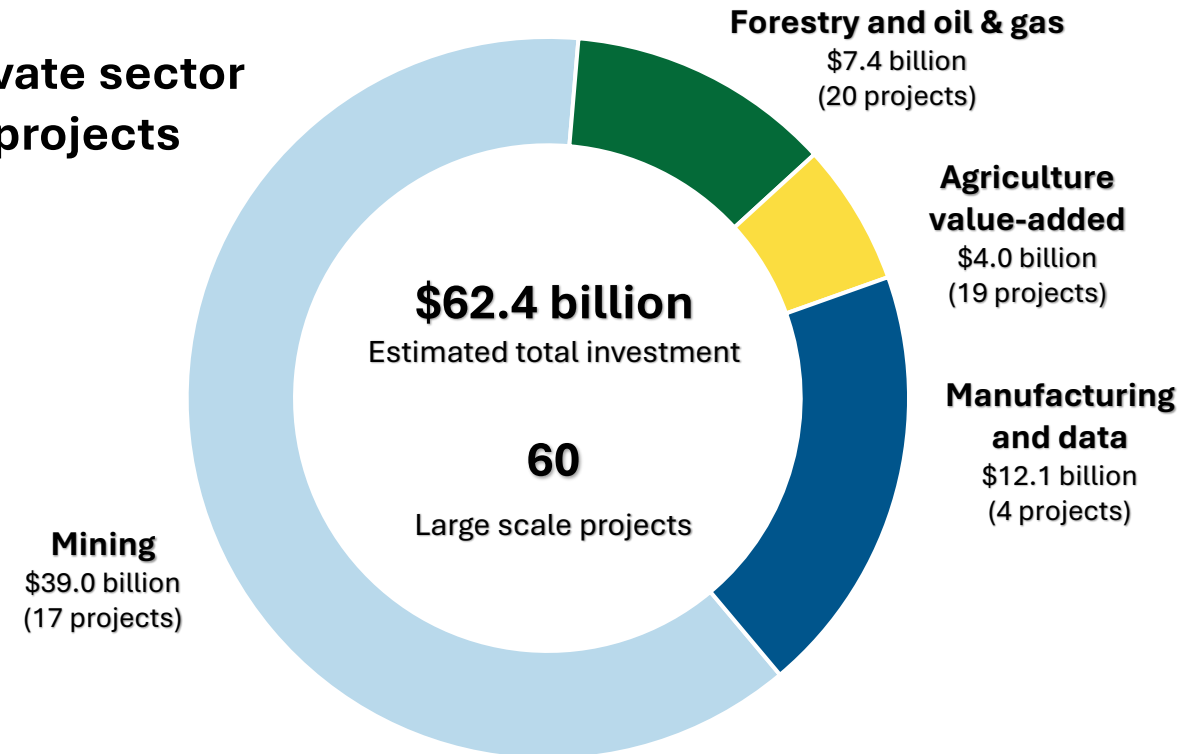
- Production growth continues over the medium term, following record production in 2025
- Global crop prices are in line with long-term averages

Private capital investment

(billions of dollars)



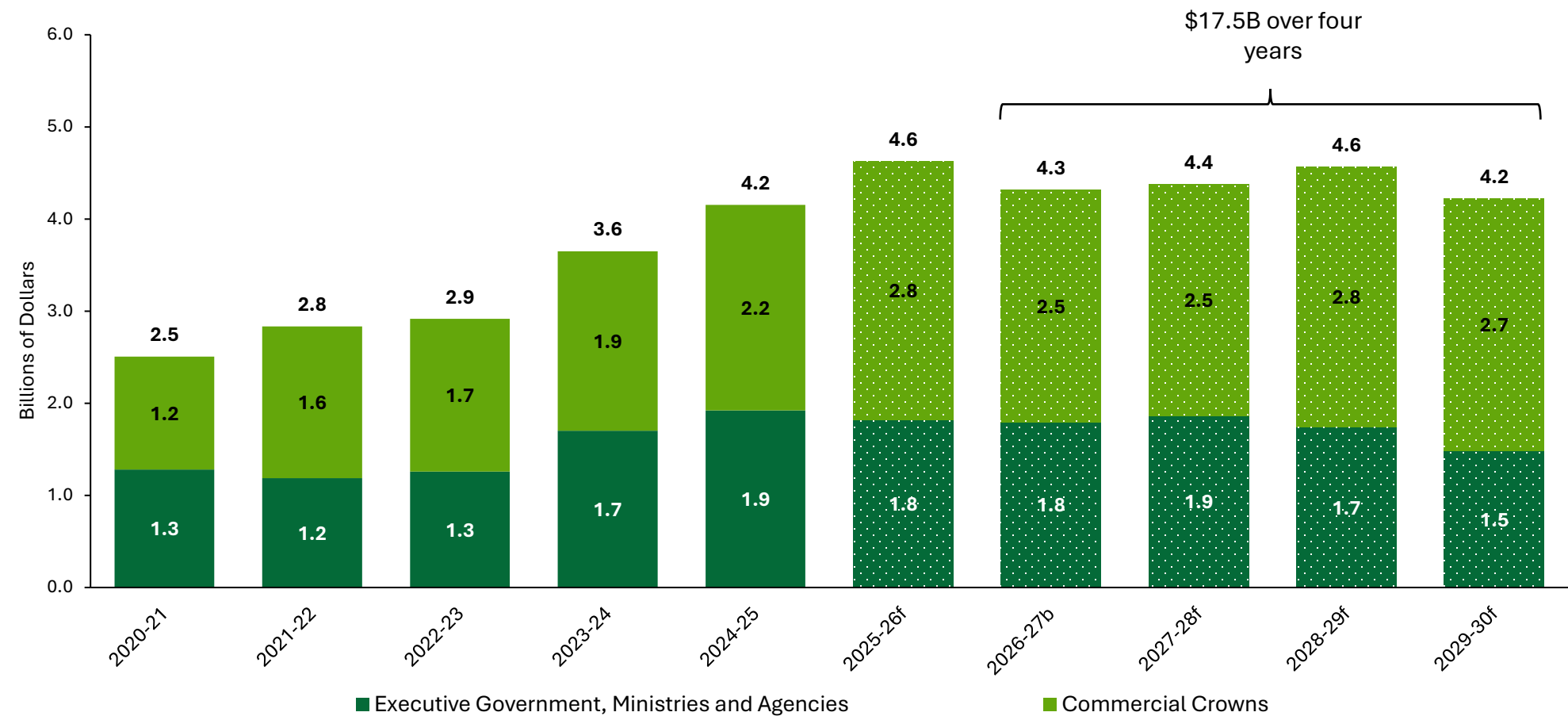
Private sector projects



- Private sector capital investment grew 12.0% (highest among the provinces) from 2024 to \$13.6 billion in 2025 and is expected to remain unchanged in 2026
- Large data center investment by Bell Canada announced

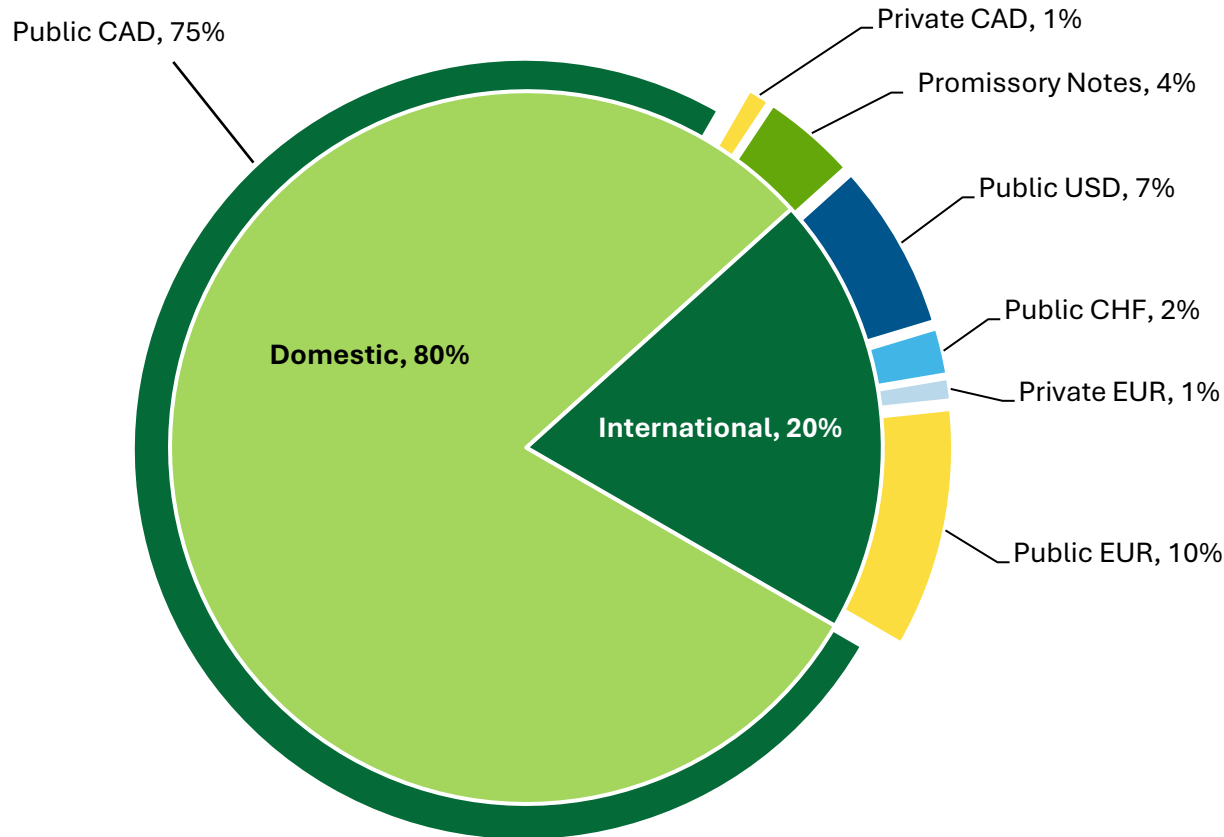
Government capital expenditures

(billions of dollars)



Debt and liquidity

Composition of gross debt outstanding



Note: Reflects debt composition as of March 11, 2026.

Debt strategy

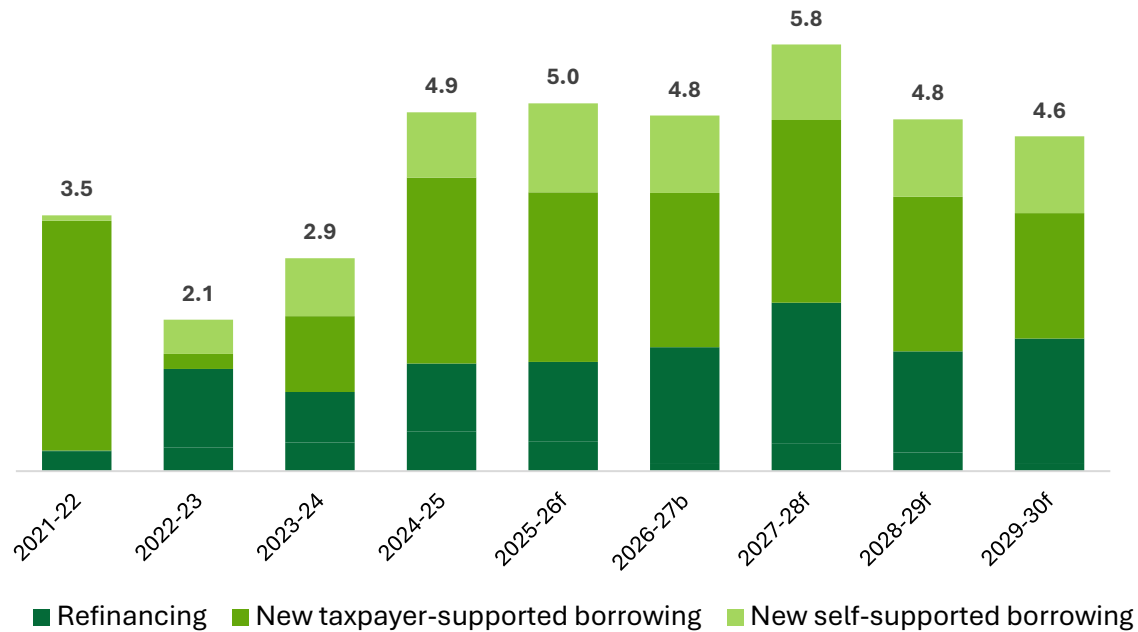
- CAD benchmarks
- Global SEC USD shelf
- EMTN programme
- AMTN programme
- International debt target = 25%

Liquidity strategy

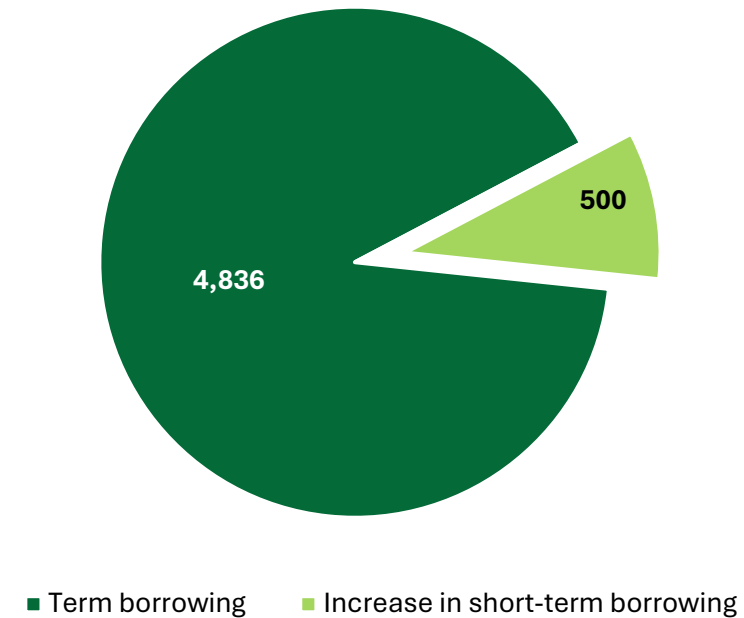
- \$1.25B – \$1.75B cash reserves
- \$4.0B short-term note capacity (\$1.2B drawn)
- Sinking fund (\$3.3B)

Borrowing programs

Annual term borrowing requirements
(billions of dollars)



2026-27 term and short-term borrowing
(millions of dollars)

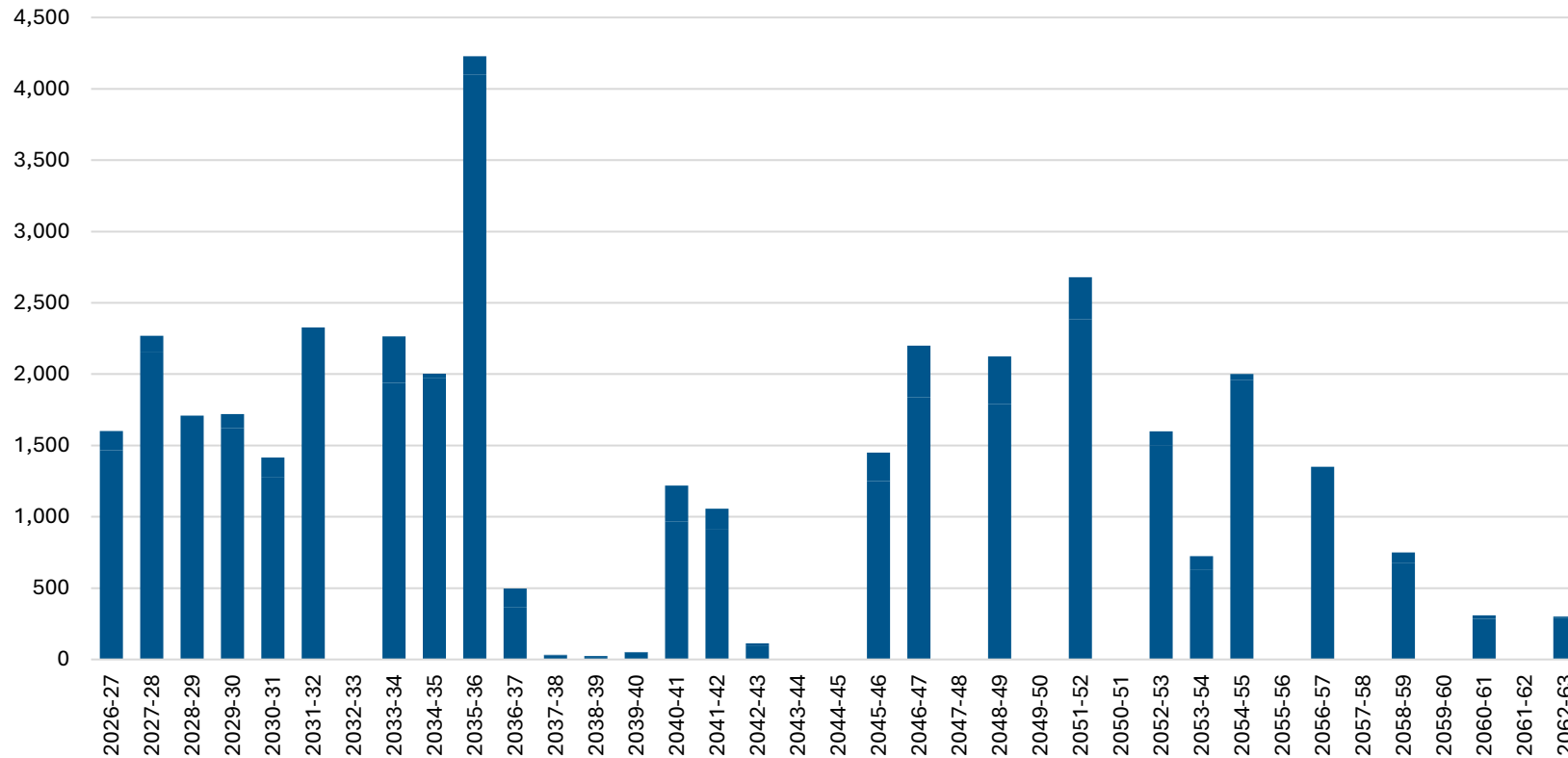


- Forecast borrowing of ~\$5.0B annually to 2029-30
- New borrowing to fund capital projects and forecast deficits

- Term debt issued in domestic and international markets (USD, EUR, AUD, GBP)

Debt maturity profile and benchmarks

(millions of dollars)



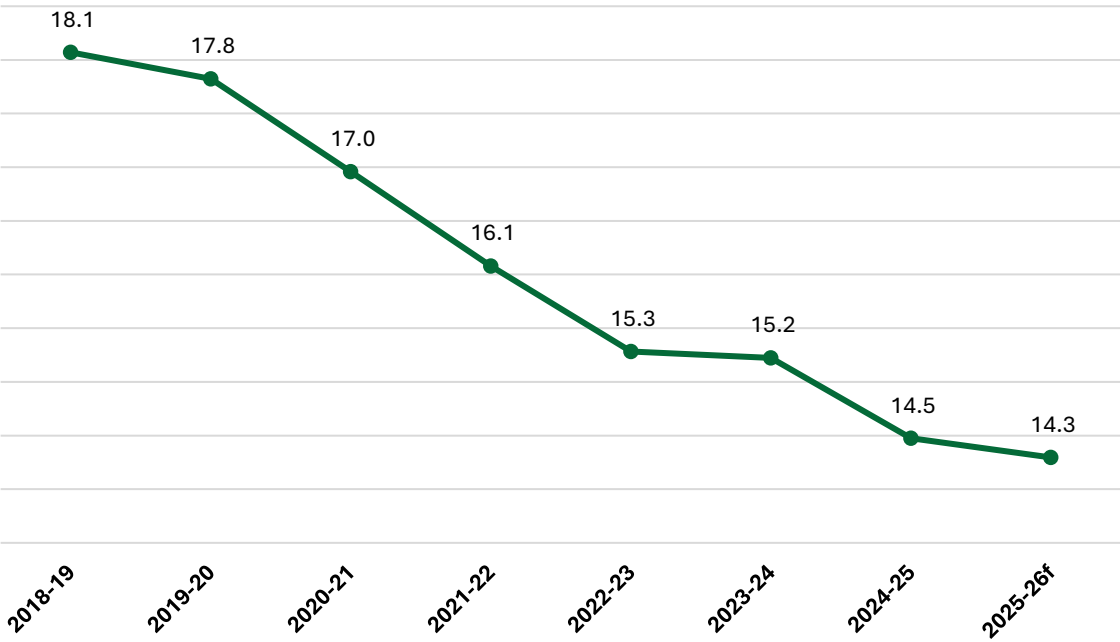
----- Canadian Dollar Benchmark Bonds -----				
(millions of dollars)				
Bond Details		Target Size	Current Size	
10s		1,250-1,500		
2.15%	6/2/2031		1,600	
3.90%	6/2/2033		1,700	
3.80%	6/2/2035		1,600	
30s		2,000-2,500		
2.80%	12/2/2052		1,600	
4.20%	12/2/2054		2,000	
4.40%	12/2/2056 *		1,350	

*current benchmark issue still building

- Maturities include both domestic and international debt
- Sinking fund strategy reduces refinancing risks

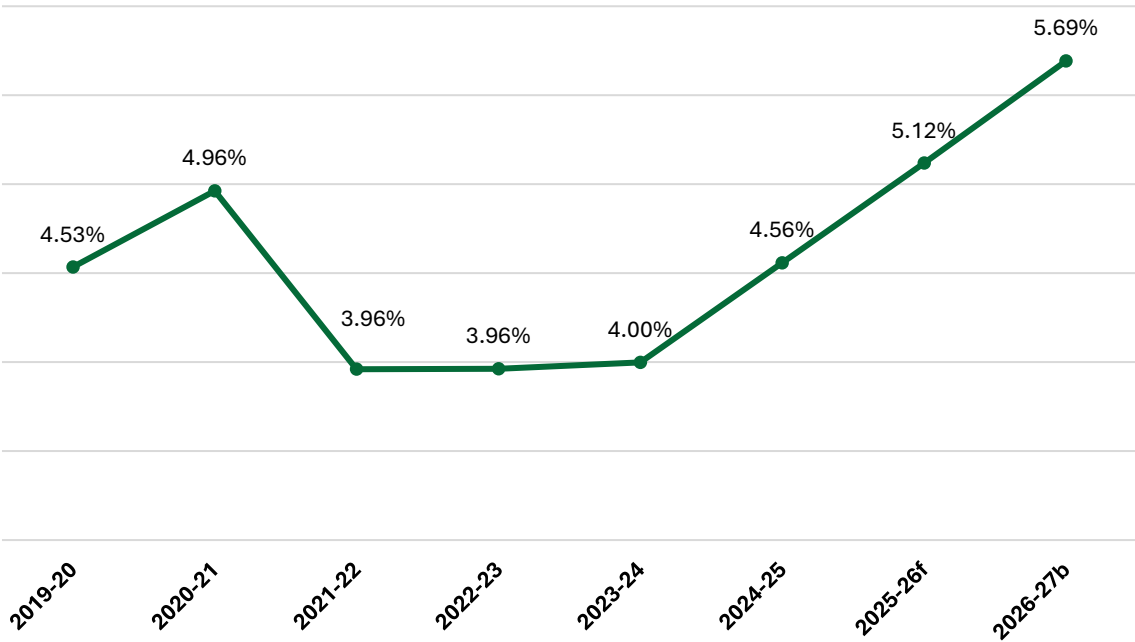
Term of debt and financing cost

Average term to maturity on term debt (years)



- Average term declining due to international issuance with shorter term to maturity

Financing charges as a % of revenues



Financing charges include interest on debt, pensions, and public-private partnerships.

- Higher debt levels due to capital and operating borrowing is increasing interest on debt

Credit ratings

Agency	Long-Term Date of Last Action	Trend	ESG Scoring
Moody's Ratings	Aa1 May 21, 2021	Stable	CIS-2 Neutral
S&P Global	AA June 21, 2017	Stable	-
Morningstar DBRS	AA (low) June 18, 2020	Stable	ESG Assessment Relevant/Not significant
Fitch	AA May 16, 2011	Stable	ESG Relevance Level 3 Neutral/Minimal

Contact information

Rod Balkwill

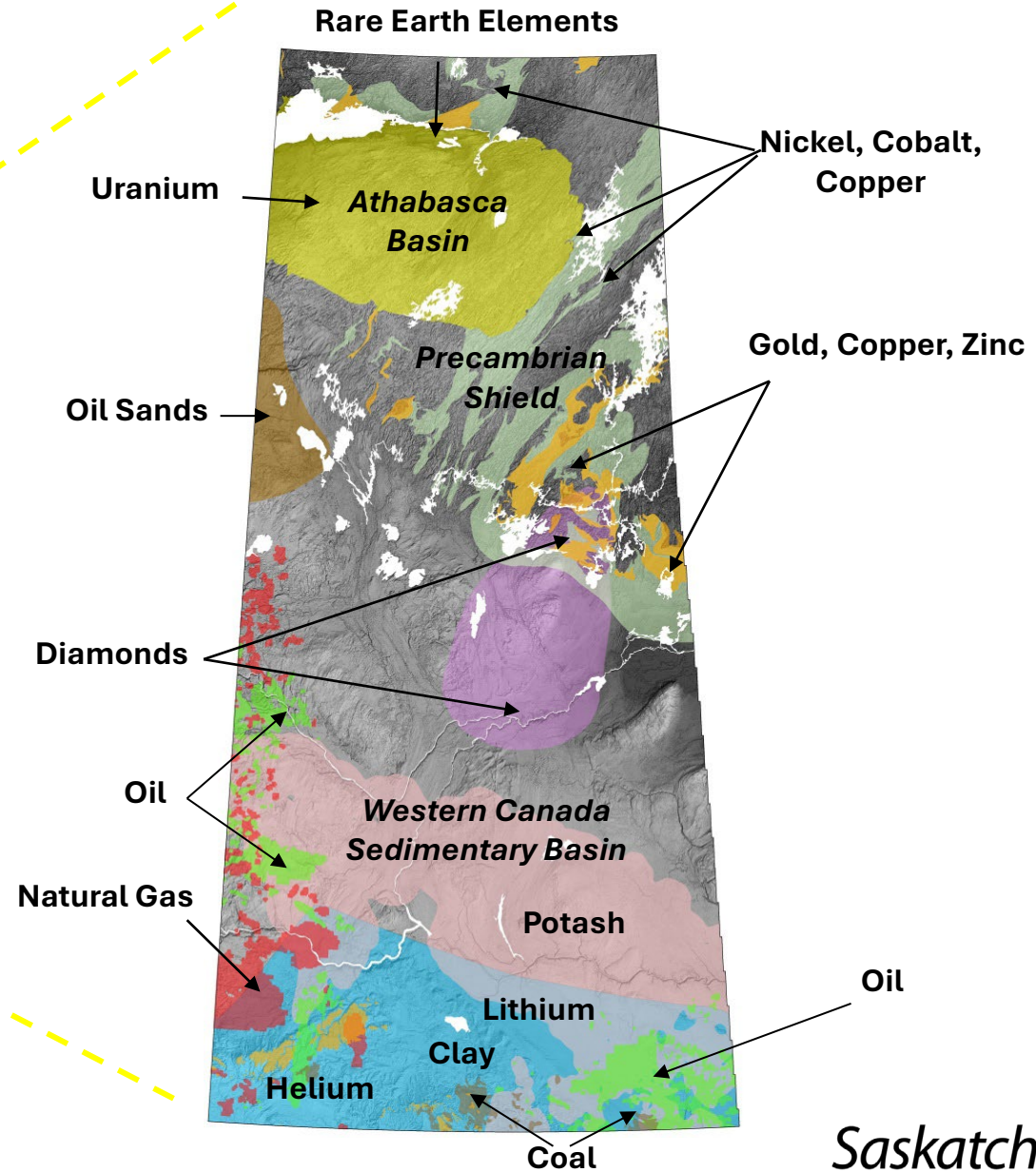
Assistant Deputy Minister and CIO
Provincial Treasury Office
1 (306) 787-9473
rod.balkwill@gov.sk.ca

Tammi Keith

Director, Capital Markets
Provincial Treasury Office
1 (306) 787-6605
tammi.keith@gov.sk.ca

Appendix

Subsurface minerals



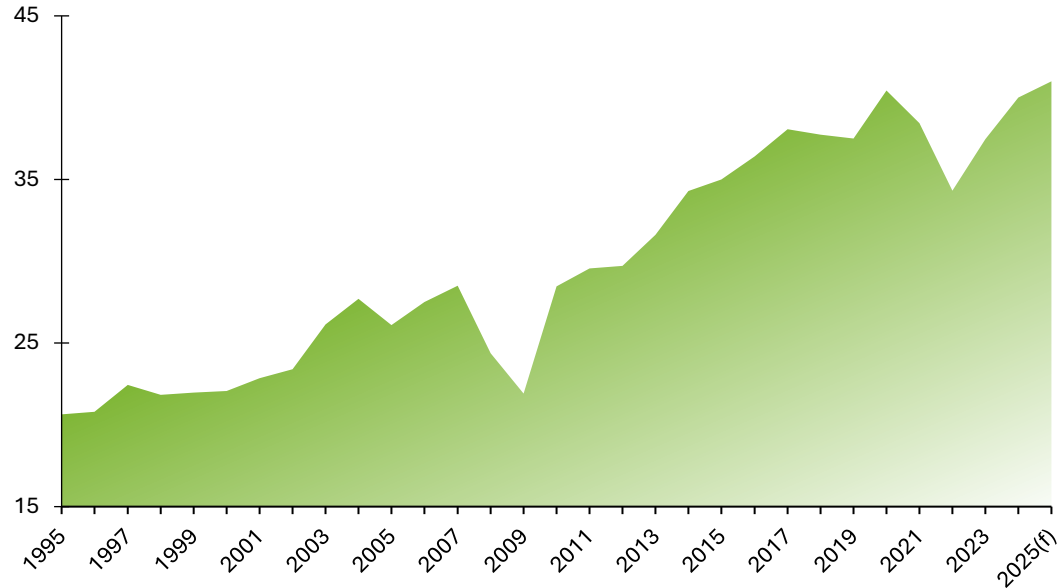
Saskatchewan has 27 critical minerals

1 H Hydrogen 1.008																	2 He Helium 4.003				
3 Li Lithium 6.94	4 Be Beryllium 9.012															5 B Boron 10.81	6 C Carbon 12.011	7 N Nitrogen 14.007	8 O Oxygen 15.999	9 F Fluorine 18.998	10 Ne Neon 20.180
11 Na Sodium 22.990	12 Mg Magnesium 24.305															13 Al Aluminum 26.982	14 Si Silicon 28.085	15 P Phosphorus 30.974	16 S Sulfur 32.06	17 Cl Chlorine 35.45	18 Ar Argon 39.948
19 K Potassium 39.098	20 Ca Calcium 40.078	21 [*] Sc Scandium 44.956	22 Ti Titanium 47.867	23 V Vanadium 50.942	24 Cr Chromium 51.996	25 Mn Manganese 54.938	26 Fe Iron 55.845	27 Co Cobalt 58.933	28 Ni Nickel 58.693	29 Cu Copper 63.546	30 Zn Zinc 65.38	31 Ga Gallium 69.723	32 Ge Germanium 72.630	33 As Arsenic 74.922	34 Se Selenium 78.97	35 Br Bromine 79.904	36 Kr Krypton 83.798				
37 Rb Rubidium 85.468	38 Sr Strontium 87.62	39 [*] Y Yttrium 88.906	40 Zr Zirconium 91.224	41 Nb Niobium 92.906	42 Mo Molybdenum 95.95	43 Tc Technetium [97]	44 [*] Ru Ruthenium 101.07	45 [*] Rh Rhodium 102.906	46 [*] Pd Palladium 106.42	47 Ag Silver 107.868	48 Cd Cadmium 112.414	49 In Indium 114.818	50 Sn Tin 118.710	51 Sb Antimony 121.760	52 Te Tellurium 127.60	53 I Iodine 126.904	54 Xe Xenon 131.293				
55 Cs Cesium 132.905	56 Ba Barium 137.327	[*] 57 - 71	72 Hf Hafnium 178.49	73 Ta Tantalum 180.948	74 W Tungsten 183.84	75 Re Rhenium 186.207	76 [*] Os Osmium 190.23	77 [*] Ir Iridium 192.217	78 [*] Pt Platinum 195.084	79 Au Gold 196.997	80 Hg Mercury 200.592	81 Tl Thallium 204.38	82 Pb Lead 207.2	83 Bi Bismuth 208.980	84 Po Polonium [209]	85 At Astatine [210]	86 Rn Radon [222]				
87 Fr Francium [223]	88 Ra Radium [226]	89 - 103	104 Rf Rutherfordium [267]	105 Db Dubnium [270]	106 Sg Seaborgium [269]	107 Bh Bohrium [270]	108 Hs Hassium [270]	109 Mt Meitnerium [278]	110 Ds Darmstadtium [281]	111 Rg Roentgenium [281]	112 Cn Copernicium [285]	113 Nh Nihonium [286]	114 Fl Flerovium [289]	115 Mc Moscovium [289]	116 Lv Livermorium [293]	117 Ts Tennessine [293]	118 Og Oganesson [294]				
57 [*] La Lanthanum 138.905	58 [*] Ce Cerium 140.116	59 [*] Pr Praseodymium 140.908	60 [*] Nd Neodymium 144.242	61 [*] Pm Promethium [145]	62 [*] Sm Samarium 150.36	63 [*] Eu Europium 151.964	64 [*] Gd Gadolinium 157.25	65 [*] Tb Terbium 158.925	66 [*] Dy Dysprosium 162.500	67 [*] Ho Holmium 164.930	68 [*] Er Erbium 167.259	69 [*] Tm Thulium 168.934	70 [*] Yb Ytterbium 173.045	71 [*] Lu Lutetium 174.967							
89 Ac Actinium [227]	90 Th Thorium 232.038	91 Pa Protactinium 231.036	92 U Uranium 238.029	93 Np Neptunium [237]	94 Pu Plutonium [244]	95 Am Americium [243]	96 Cm Curium [247]	97 Bk Berkelium [247]	98 Cf Californium [251]	99 Es Einsteinium [252]	100 Fm Fermium [257]	101 Md Mendelevium [258]	102 No Nobelium [259]	103 Lr Lawrencium [262]							

Aluminum
Bismuth
Chromium
Cobalt
Copper
Fluorspar
Gallium
Graphite (natural)
Helium
Lithium
Magnesium
Manganese
Molybdenum
Nickel
Niobium
Phosphorus
Platinum Group Elements *
Potash
Rare Earth Elements **
Scandium
Tantalum
Tellurium
Tin
Titanium
Tungsten
Uranium
Zinc

Potash consumption and production

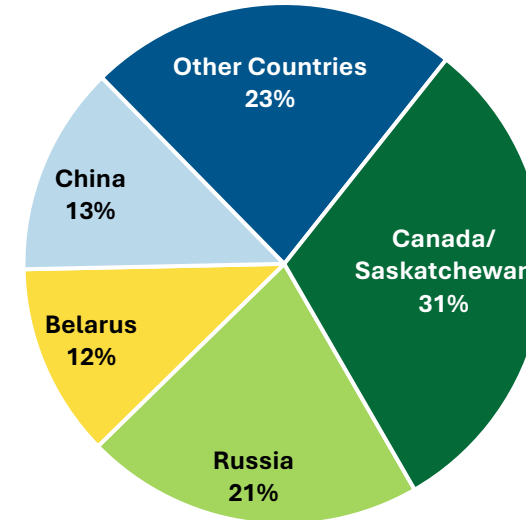
World potash consumption
(millions of metric tonnes)



- Potash is used as a major nutrient in crop production and Saskatchewan is the largest producer with extensive reserves

Source: USGS, Mineral Commodity Summary, January 2024

World potash production



- In 2025, Saskatchewan accounted for 31% of global potash production which is typical

Resource assumptions and sensitivities

Key resource assumptions

	Actual	Budget	Forecast	Budget	Outlook			
	2024-25	2025-26	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28	2028-29	2029-30	2030-31
WTI oil price (US\$/barrel)	74.49	71.00	61.69	59.75	63.50	69.00	72.50	74.25
Light-heavy differential (% of WTI)	14.0	15.0	13.7	14.7	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0
Well-head oil price (C\$/barrel) ¹	82.21	80.09	66.35	62.92	64.72	70.63	73.45	75.37
Oil production (million barrels)	163.1	166.9	160.3	165.7	167.0	169.3	172.2	173.3
Price (netback, US\$/KCl tonne)	233	239	271	289	299	308	318	328
Sales (million KCl tonnes)	24.9	24.9	25.1	25.5	26.5	27.6	28.8	29.6
Price (realized, US\$/U ₃ O ₈ pound)	54.75	57.11	59.56	60.73	60.35	59.85	59.29	58.64
Sales (kt U ₃ O ₈) ²	16.1	17.4	17.2	16.2	17.1	19.0	20.8	20.8
Canadian dollar (US cents)	71.9	70.4	72.0	72.7	74.0	74.4	75.6	76.3

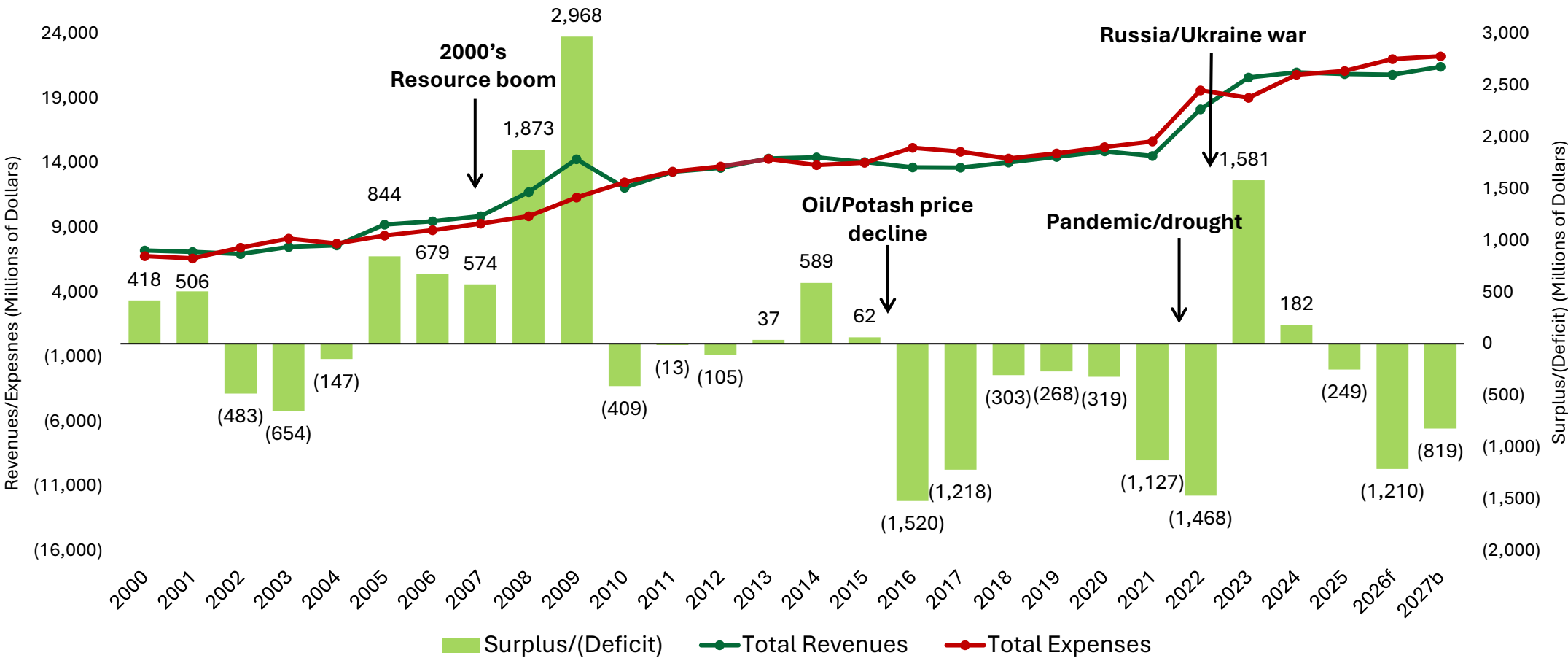
¹The average price per barrel of Saskatchewan light, medium and heavy oil.

²Uranium sales are estimated in kilotonnes (kt), the conversion rate is 1 kt : 2,200,600 pounds.

Key sensitivities: 2026-27 Budget

- **WTI oil prices:** \$16M for each US\$1/barrel
- **Exchange rate:** \$44M for each U.S. cent
- **Potash prices :** \$54 for each US\$10/KCl tonne

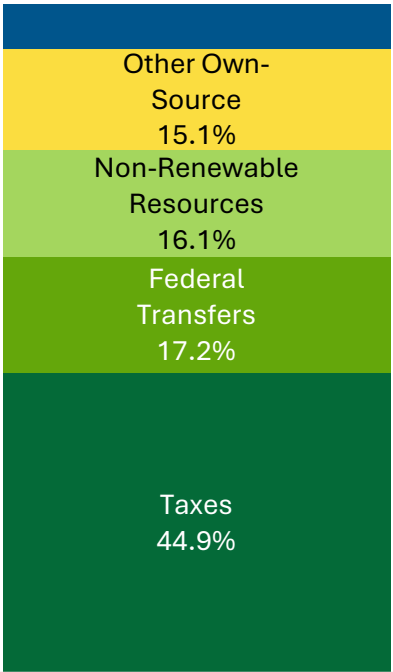
Long-term fiscal track record



Historical revenue composition

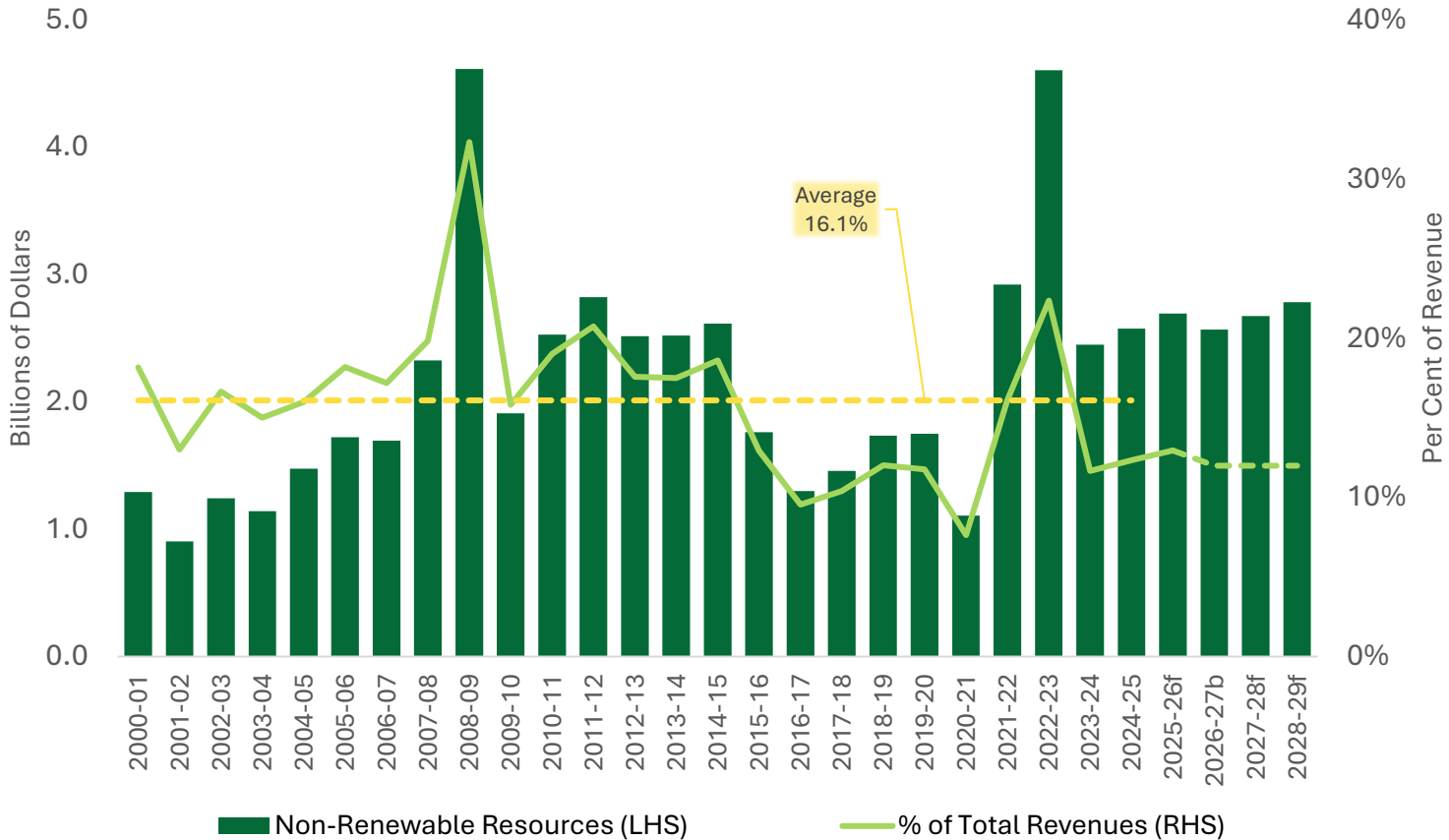
Percentage contribution to total revenues

Net Income from GBEs
6.7%



25 Year Average

Non-renewable resources as a % of revenues



Saskatchewan Crop Insurance Corporation

(for fiscal years ended March 31)



2026-27 Budget revenue summary

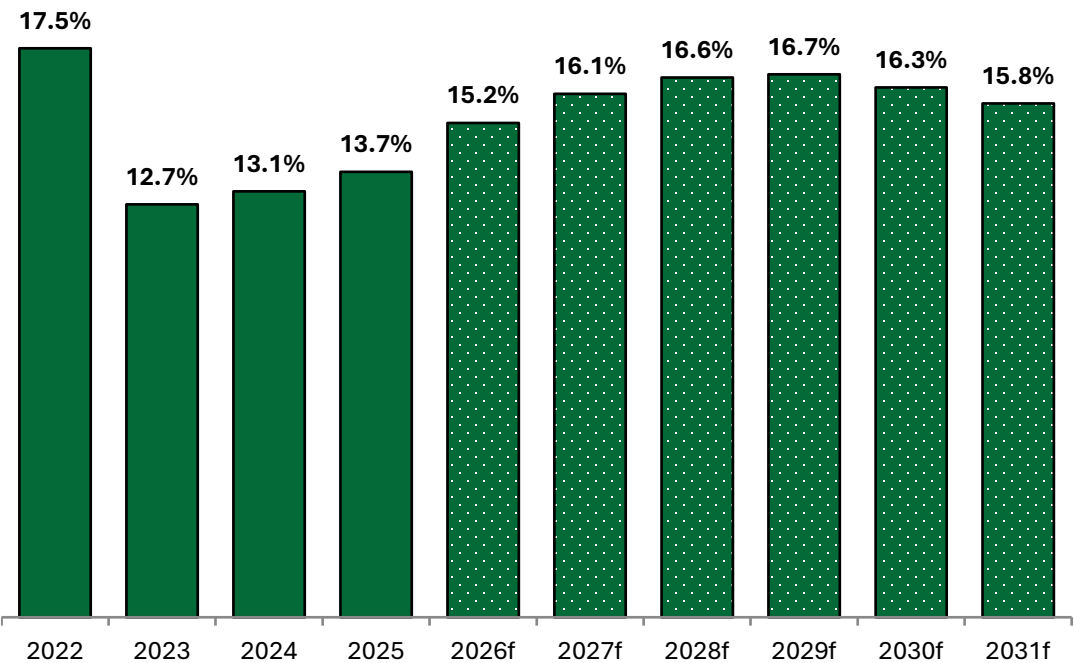
	2024-25	2025-26	2025-26	2026-27	Change from 2025-26	
<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Actual	Budget	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Q3
Taxation	9,923.0	10,449.5	10,296.3	10,693.2	243.7	396.9
Non-renewable resources	2,573.7	2,699.4	2,692.2	2,567.5	(131.9)	(124.7)
GBE net income	784.6	705.2	349.4	642.9	(62.3)	293.5
Other own-source revenue	3,782.5	3,265.0	3,448.1	3,345.7	80.7	(102.4)
Federal transfers	3,792.3	3,937.0	4,017.5	4,167.6	230.6	150.1
Total Revenue	20,856.0	21,056.1	20,803.5	21,416.9	360.8	613.4

2026-27 Budget expense summary

	2024-25	2025-26	2025-26	2026-27	Change from 2025-26	
<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Actual	Budget	Forecast	Budget	Budget	Q3
Agriculture	1,762.6	1,597.6	1,317.5	1,687.1	89.5	369.6
Community development	828.4	858.4	856.7	902.0	43.6	45.3
Economic development	361.7	351.9	547.3	548.8	196.9	1.5
Education	4,374.8	4,428.1	4,531.6	4,649.3	221.2	117.7
Environment and natural resources	553.4	448.6	464.3	247.7	(200.9)	(216.6)
Financing charges	950.5	1,058.5	1,064.8	1,219.1	160.6	154.3
General government	589.9	642.2	698.7	716.1	73.9	17.4
Health	8,009.5	8,004.9	8,395.8	8,420.6	415.7	24.8
Protection of persons and property	1,166.7	1,094.8	1,486.5	1,168.0	73.2	(318.5)
Social services and assistance	1,807.1	1,842.2	1,919.9	1,929.3	87.1	9.4
Transportation	700.2	716.7	730.9	748.3	31.6	17.4
Total Expense	21,104.8	21,043.9	22,014.0	22,236.3	1,192.4	222.3

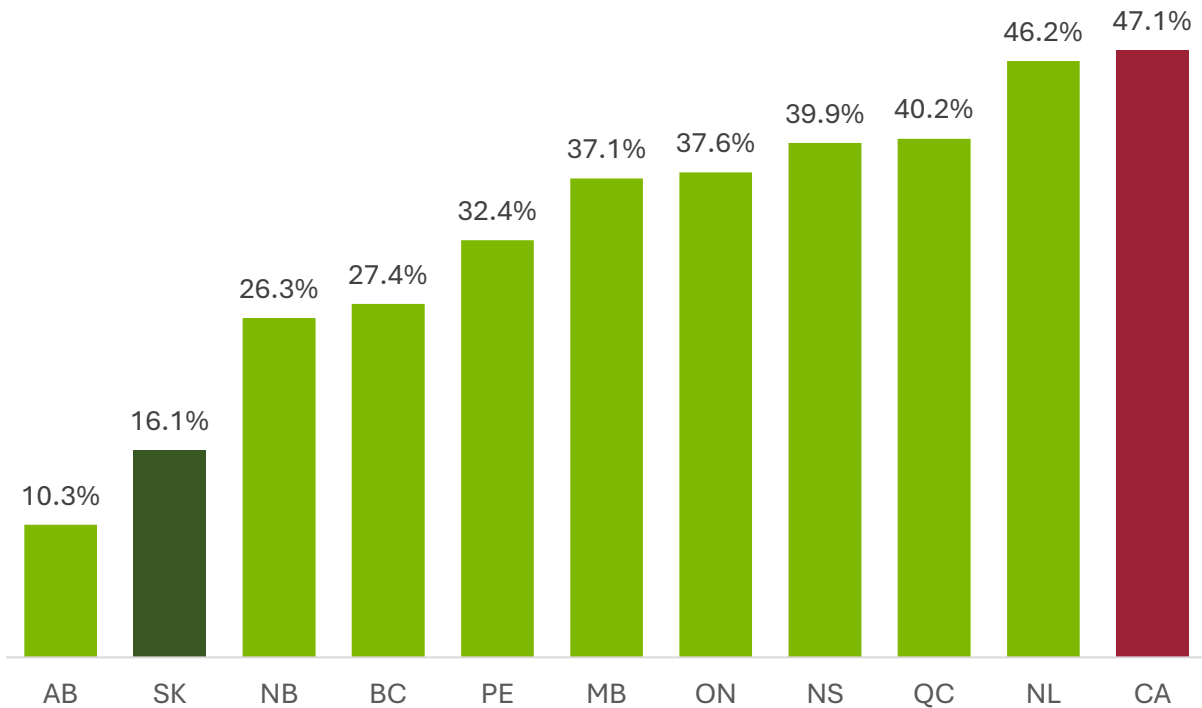
Net debt to GDP

Saskatchewan’s historical net debt to GDP levels
(as at March 31)



Source: Net Debt-Ministry of Finance (FI); GDP-Statistics Canada (Actuals) or average of private sector forecasts extended with FI calculations.

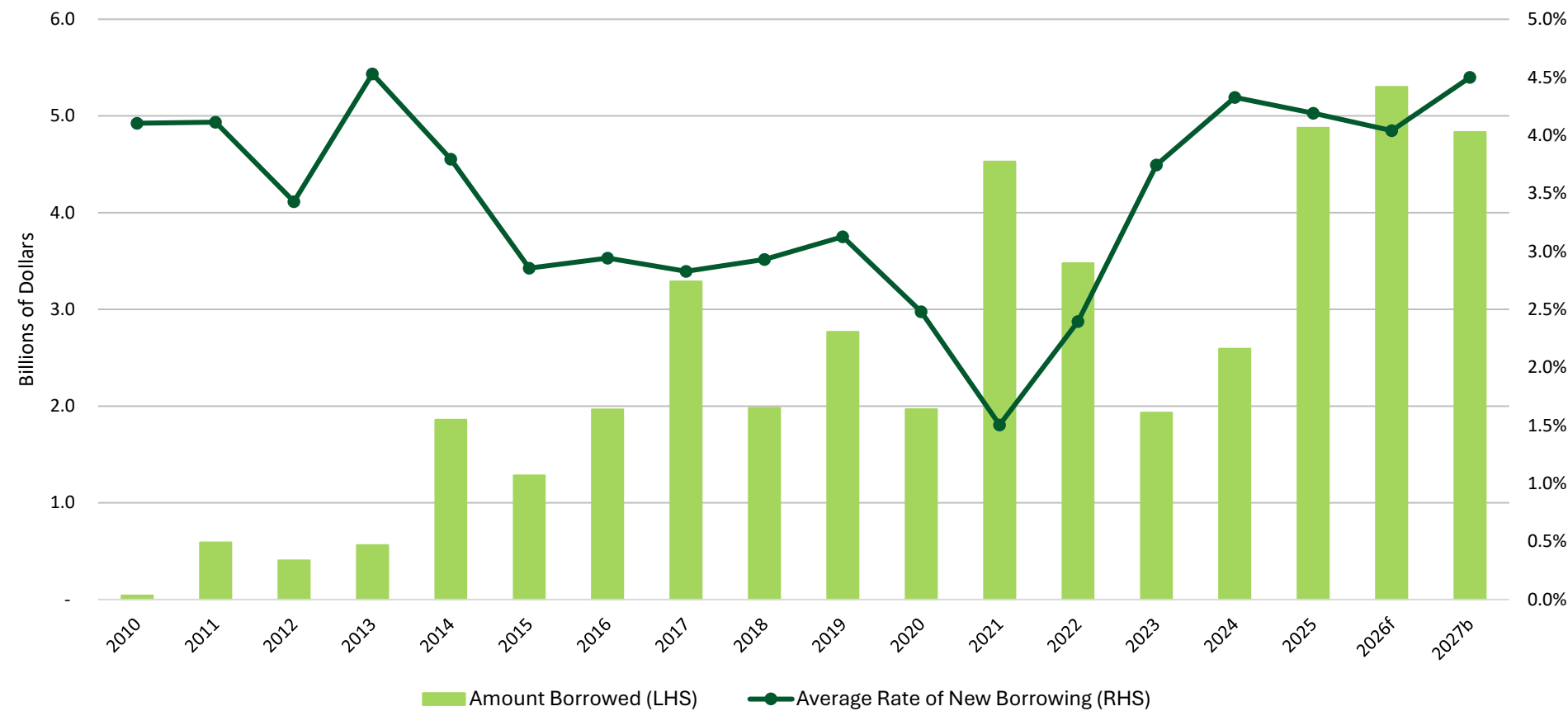
Net debt to GDP provincial comparison
(as at March 31, 2027)



Source: Net Debt: Jurisdictions most recent data (as of Feb 26, 2026).
GDP: SK - Average Private Sector forecast, Canada and other provinces - Signal49 Research fiscalized data (as of October 26, 2025). 1Projections for March 31, 2027 where available. For MB, ON, QC, NB, PE and NL, latest projection is for March 31, 2026.

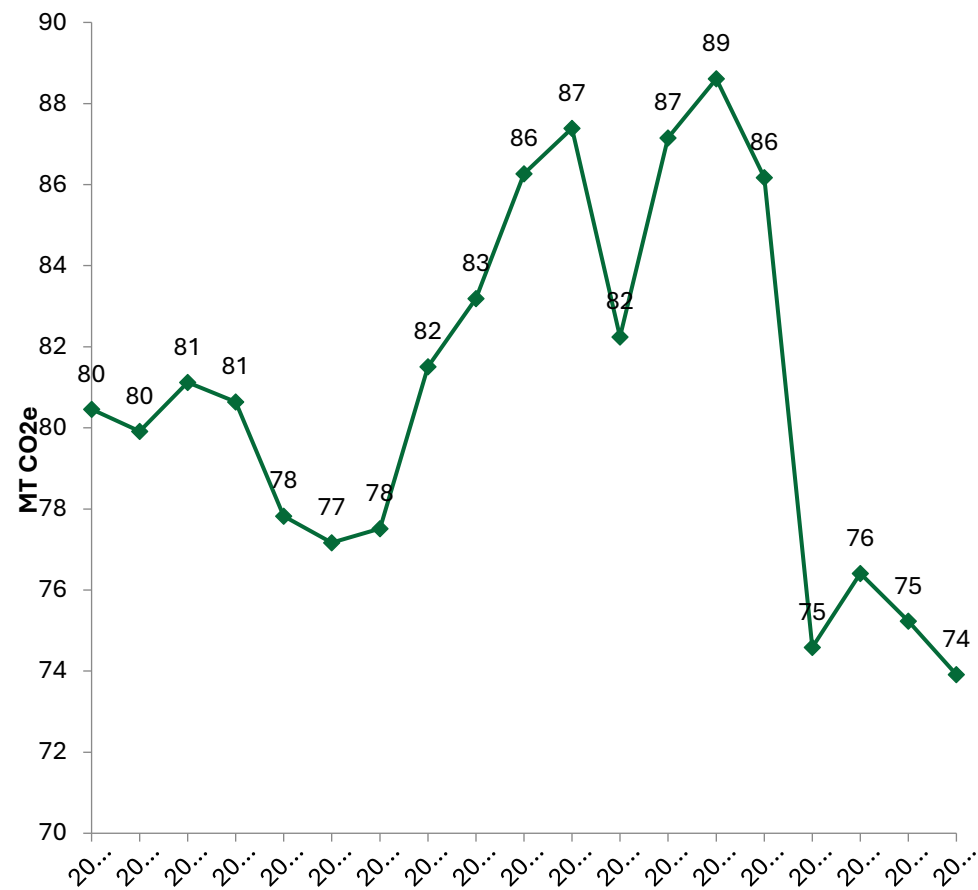
Historical interest rate trends

(for fiscal years ended March 31)



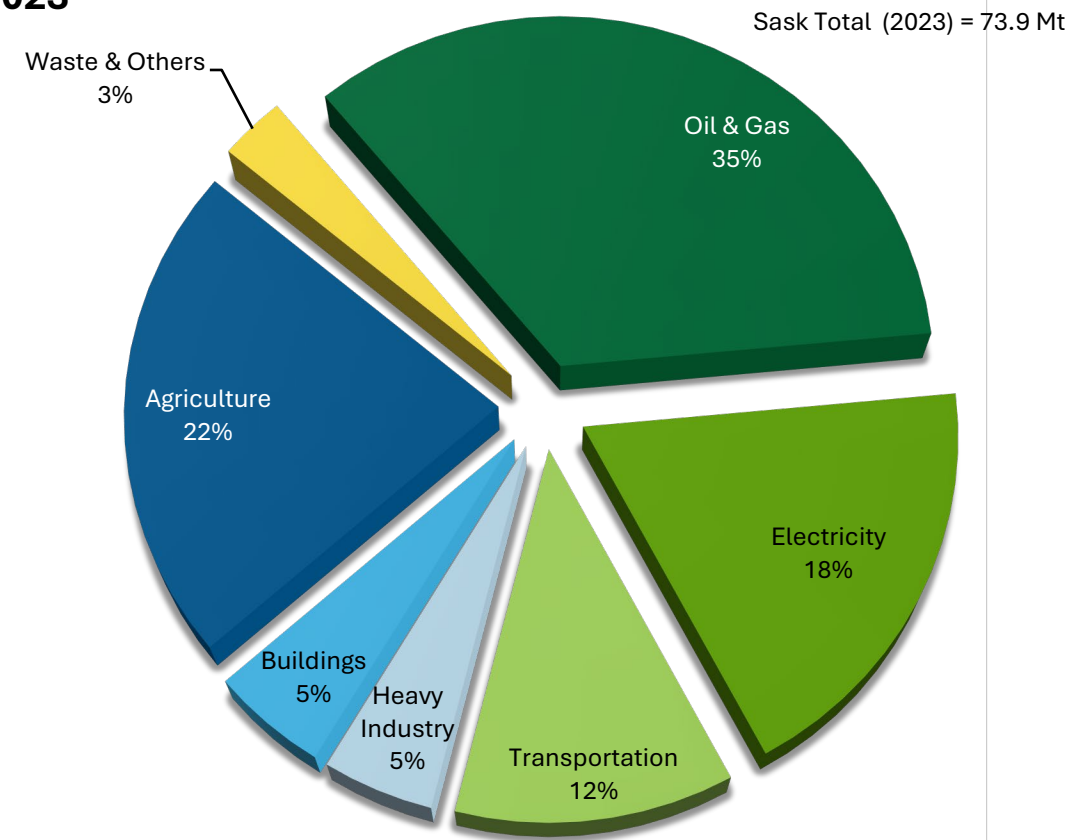
GHG emissions profile

Saskatchewan's GHG Emissions, 2005-2023



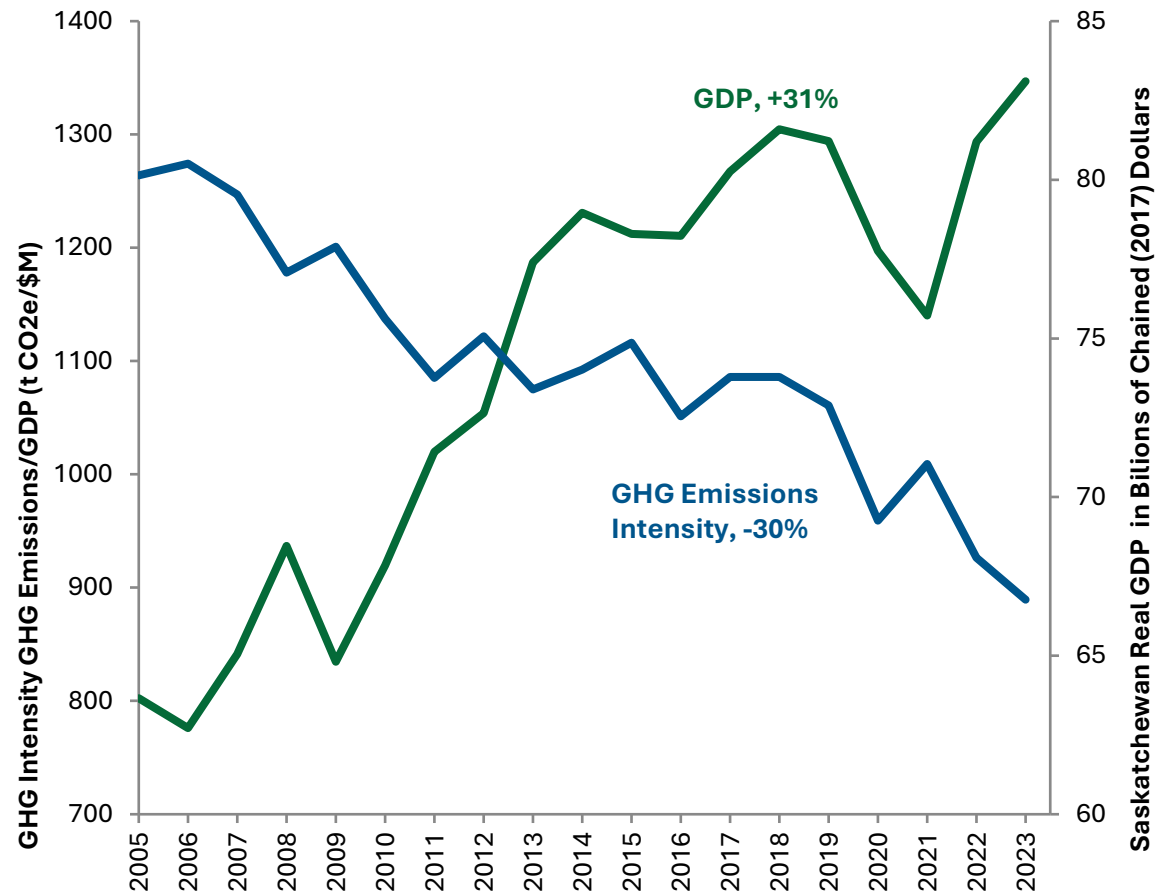
Source: ECCC NIR 1990-2023, 2025; Statistics Canada

Saskatchewan's GHG Emissions by Economic Sector, 2023



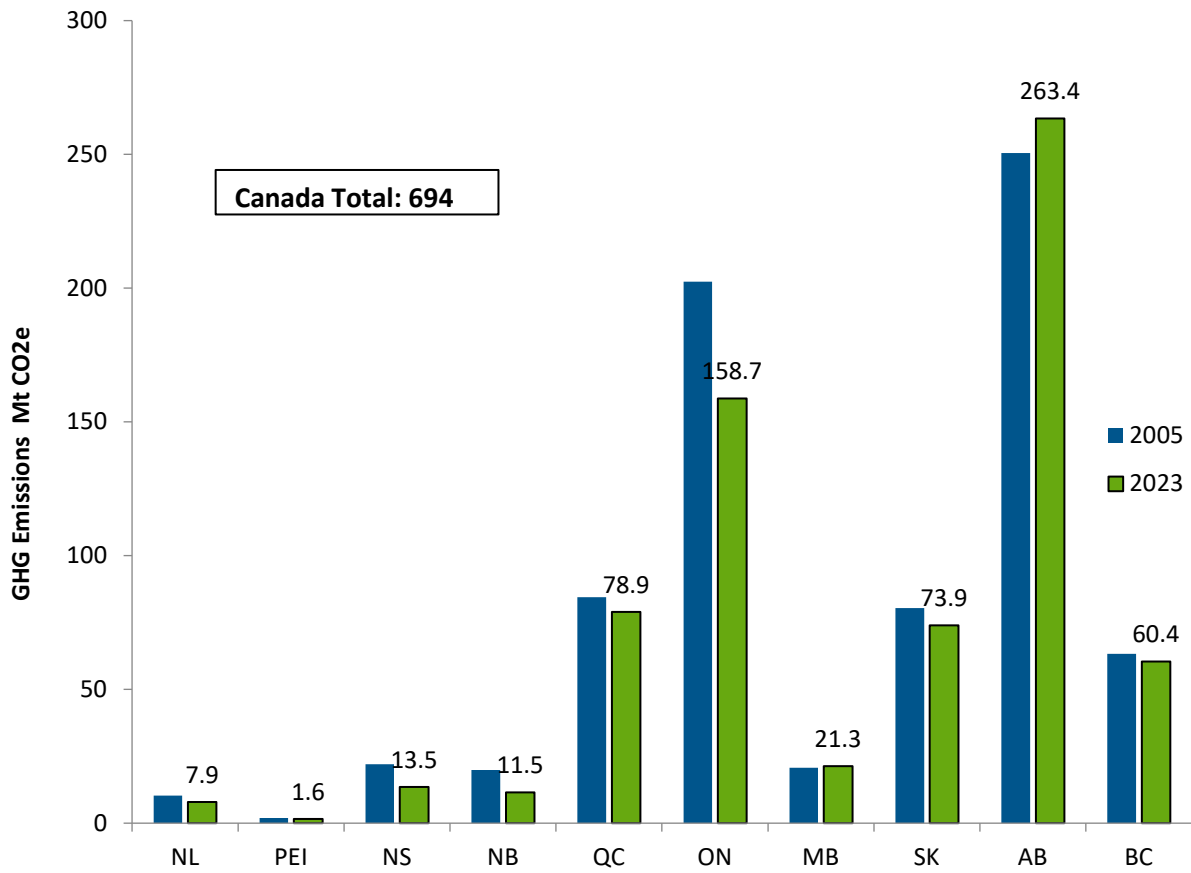
GHG emissions

GHG Emission Intensity to GDP, 2005-2023



Source: ECCC NIR 1990-2023 2025; Statistics Canada

Canada's GHG Emissions by Province, 2005-2023



Source: ECCC NIR 1990-2022, 2024

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