

Surgery for Cancer or Suspected Cancer by Area of Service
(cancers with a diagnosis-based priority of 2 weeks)

Actual Patient Waits for Procedures Performed
(01JAN2026 to 30JUN2026)

Area of Service	Patients completed	Within 2 weeks	3 - 4 weeks	5 - 6 weeks	7 - 12 weeks	13 - 26 weeks	Longer than 26 weeks	Patients Waiting on 30JUN2026
01 North West	5	Data	suppressed	because	< 20	procedures	performed.	< 5
02 North East	30	50%	20%	13%	17%	0%	0%	12
03 Saskatoon	402	42%	41%	11%	5%	1%	0%	62
04 South West	60	65%	32%	3%	0%	0%	0%	< 5
05 South East	21	76%	24%	0%	0%	0%	0%	< 5
06 Regina	232	73%	24%	3%	0%	0%	0%	28
99 All SK hospitals	750	55%	33%	8%	4%	0%	0%	109

† 90% of cases were performed within 30 days (4.3 weeks).

Notes:

- ◆ This table summarizes cancer surgery with a diagnosis-based priority of two weeks reported to the Surgical Patient Registry during the six-month time period.
- ◆ This cancer surgery data is a subset of the total surgery data reported on the web site. Cancer procedures (when they occur) are included in all of the specialty and procedure-specific tables elsewhere on the site.
- ◆ A wide range of procedures are performed to diagnose and treat cancers. Many of these, such as prostatectomies and resections of the bowel, colon, or rectum, are major procedures and fully reported to the Registry.
- ◆ 1.4% of all surgeries reported over this time period were surgeries for cancers with a diagnosis-based priority of two weeks.
- ◆ 23.7% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of two weeks. 51.2% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of four weeks. 15.2% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of six weeks.
- ◆ 8.9% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of twelve weeks. 0.5% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of twenty-six weeks.
- ◆ Others, including many types of biopsies, are minor procedures that are normally done in settings like ambulatory care or endoscopy procedure rooms and are not fully reported to the Registry or are not counted as a surgery.
- ◆ Time periods where patients specify that they are unavailable for surgery are subtracted from the wait time.
- ◆ Postponed cases are included, regardless of whether the reason for postponement is patient or system related.
- ◆ The results are based on the Jul 19, 2026 refresh of the Saskatchewan Surgical Patient Registry data mart and are subject to minor changes as data is added or corrected.

Surgery for Cancer or Suspected Cancer by Area of Service
(cancers with a diagnosis-based priority of 4 weeks)

Actual Patient Waits for Procedures Performed
(01JAN2026 to 30JUN2026)

Area of Service	Patients completed	Within 2 weeks	3 - 4 weeks	5 - 6 weeks	7 - 12 weeks	13 - 26 weeks	Longer than 26 weeks	Patients Waiting on 30JUN2026
01 North West	20	60%	25%	10%	5%	0%	0%	< 5
02 North East	51	41%	22%	16%	18%	2%	2%	10
03 Saskatoon	942	25%	40%	19%	15%	1%	0%	169
04 South West	137	50%	33%	12%	5%	0%	0%	23
05 South East	17	Data	suppressed	because	< 20	procedures	performed.	< 5
06 Regina	452	27%	51%	20%	2%	0%	0%	63
99 All SK hospitals	1,619	29%	42%	19%	10%	0%	0%	269

† 90% of cases were performed within 43 days (6.1 weeks).

Notes:

- ◆ This table summarizes cancer surgery with a diagnosis-based priority of four weeks reported to the Surgical Patient Registry during the six-month time period.
- ◆ This cancer surgery data is a subset of the total surgery data reported on the web site. Cancer procedures (when they occur) are included in all of the specialty and procedure-specific tables elsewhere on the site.
- ◆ A wide range of procedures are performed to diagnose and treat cancers. Many of these, such as prostatectomies and resections of the bowel, colon, or rectum, are major procedures and fully reported to the Registry.
- ◆ 3.0% of all surgeries reported over this time period were surgeries for cancers with a target time frame of four weeks.
- ◆ 23.7% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of two weeks. 51.2% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of four weeks. 15.2% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of six weeks.
- ◆ 8.9% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of twelve weeks. 0.5% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of twenty-six weeks.
- ◆ Others, including many types of biopsies, are minor procedures that are normally done in settings like ambulatory care or endoscopy procedure rooms and are not fully reported to the Registry or are not counted as a surgery.
- ◆ Time periods where patients specify that they are unavailable for surgery are subtracted from the wait time.
- ◆ Postponed cases are included, regardless of whether the reason for postponement is patient or system related.
- ◆ The results are based on the Jul 19, 2026 refresh of the Saskatchewan Surgical Patient Registry data mart and are subject to minor changes as data is added or corrected.

Surgery for Cancer or Suspected Cancer by Area of Service
(cancers with a diagnosis-based priority of 6 weeks)

Actual Patient Waits for Procedures Performed
(01JAN2026 to 30JUN2026)

Area of Service	Patients completed	Within 2 weeks	3 - 4 weeks	5 - 6 weeks	7 - 12 weeks	13 - 26 weeks	Longer than 26 weeks	Patients Waiting on 30JUN2026
01 North West	17	Data	suppressed	because	< 20	procedures	performed.	< 5
02 North East	15	Data	suppressed	because	< 20	procedures	performed.	< 5
03 Saskatoon	269	14%	23%	21%	30%	11%	0%	77
04 South West	34	35%	26%	12%	26%	0%	0%	10
05 South East	22	59%	27%	5%	9%	0%	0%	< 5
06 Regina	123	26%	37%	33%	4%	0%	0%	18
99 All SK hospitals	480	22%	27%	23%	21%	6%	0%	112

† 90% of cases were performed within 73 days (10.4 weeks).

Notes:

- ◆ This table summarizes cancer surgery with a diagnosis-based priority of six weeks reported to the Surgical Patient Registry during the six-month time period.
- ◆ This cancer surgery data is a subset of the total surgery data reported on the web site. Cancer procedures (when they occur) are included in all of the specialty and procedure-specific tables elsewhere on the site.
- ◆ A wide range of procedures are performed to diagnose and treat cancers. Many of these, such as prostatectomies and resections of the bowel, colon, or rectum, are major procedures and fully reported to the Registry.
- ◆ 0.9% of all surgeries reported over this time period were surgeries for cancers with a target time frame of six weeks.
- ◆ 23.7% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of two weeks. 51.2% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of four weeks. 15.2% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of six weeks.
- ◆ 8.9% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of twelve weeks. 0.5% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of twenty-six weeks.
- ◆ Others, including many types of biopsies, are minor procedures that are normally done in settings like ambulatory care or endoscopy procedure rooms and are not fully reported to the Registry or are not counted as a surgery.
- ◆ Time periods where patients specify that they are unavailable for surgery are subtracted from the wait time.
- ◆ Postponed cases are included, regardless of whether the reason for postponement is patient or system related.
- ◆ The results are based on the Jul 19, 2026 refresh of the Saskatchewan Surgical Patient Registry data mart and are subject to minor changes as data is added or corrected.

Surgery for Cancer or Suspected Cancer by Area of Service
(cancers with a diagnosis-based priority of 12 weeks)

Actual Patient Waits for Procedures Performed
(01JAN2026 to 30JUN2026)

Area of Service	Patients completed	Within 2 weeks	3 - 4 weeks	5 - 6 weeks	7 - 12 weeks	13 - 26 weeks	Longer than 26 weeks	Patients Waiting on 30JUN2026
01 North West	< 5	Data	suppressed	because	< 20	procedures	performed.	< 5
02 North East	5	Data	suppressed	because	< 20	procedures	performed.	5
03 Saskatoon	31	3%	3%	13%	68%	13%	0%	16
04 South West	231	65%	10%	6%	15%	4%	0%	167
05 South East	< 5	Data	suppressed	because	< 20	procedures	performed.	< 5
06 Regina	12	Data	suppressed	because	< 20	procedures	performed.	6
99 All SK hospitals	282	56%	11%	7%	22%	5%	0%	195

* Fewer than five cases performed in the following area(s): North West, South East
† 90% of cases were performed within 70 days (10.0 weeks).

Notes:

- ◆ This table summarizes cancer surgery with a diagnosis-based priority of twelve weeks reported to the Surgical Patient Registry during the six-month time period.
- ◆ This cancer surgery data is a subset of the total surgery data reported on the web site. Cancer procedures (when they occur) are included in all of the specialty and procedure-specific tables elsewhere on the site.
- ◆ A wide range of procedures are performed to diagnose and treat cancers. Many of these, such as prostatectomies and resections of the bowel, colon, or rectum, are major procedures and fully reported to the Registry.
- ◆ 0.5% of all surgeries reported over this time period were surgeries for cancers with a diagnosis-based priority of twelve weeks.
- ◆ 23.7% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of two weeks. 51.2% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of four weeks. 15.2% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of six weeks.
- ◆ 8.9% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of twelve weeks. 0.5% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of twenty-six weeks.
- ◆ Others, including many types of biopsies, are minor procedures that are normally done in settings like ambulatory care or endoscopy procedure rooms and are not fully reported to the Registry or are not counted as a surgery.
- ◆ Time periods where patients specify that they are unavailable for surgery are subtracted from the wait time.
- ◆ Postponed cases are included, regardless of whether the reason for postponement is patient or system related.
- ◆ The results are based on the Jul 19, 2026 refresh of the Saskatchewan Surgical Patient Registry data mart and are subject to minor changes as data is added or corrected.

Surgery for Cancer or Suspected Cancer by Area of Service
(cancers with a diagnosis-based priority of 26 weeks)

Actual Patient Waits for Procedures Performed
(01JAN2026 to 30JUN2026)

Area of Service	Patients completed	Within 2 weeks	3 - 4 weeks	5 - 6 weeks	7 - 12 weeks	13 - 26 weeks	Longer than 26 weeks	Patients Waiting on 30JUN2026
02 North East	6	Data	suppressed	because	< 20	procedures	performed.	< 5
03 Saskatoon	6	Data	suppressed	because	< 20	procedures	performed.	6
04 South West	< 5	Data	suppressed	because	< 20	procedures	performed.	< 5
06 Regina	< 5	Data	suppressed	because	< 20	procedures	performed.	< 5
99 All SK hospitals	17	Data	suppressed	because	< 20	procedures	performed.	8

* Fewer than five cases performed in the following area(s): South West, Regina

† 90% of cases were performed within 175 days (25.0 weeks).

Notes:

- ◆ This table summarizes cancer surgery with a diagnosis-based priority of twenty-six weeks reported to the Surgical Patient Registry during the six-month time period.
- ◆ This cancer surgery data is a subset of the total surgery data reported on the web site. Cancer procedures (when they occur) are included in all of the specialty and procedure-specific tables elsewhere on the site.
- ◆ A wide range of procedures are performed to diagnose and treat cancers. Many of these, such as prostatectomies and resections of the bowel, colon, or rectum, are major procedures and fully reported to the Registry.
- ◆ 0.0% of all surgeries reported over this time period were surgeries for cancers with a diagnosis-based priority of twenty-six weeks.
- ◆ 23.7% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of two weeks. 51.2% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of four weeks. 15.2% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of twelve weeks.
- ◆ 8.9% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of twelve weeks. 0.5% of non-emergency cancer surgery cases were categorized with a diagnosis-based priority of twenty-six weeks.
- ◆ Others, including many types of biopsies, are minor procedures that are normally done in settings like ambulatory care or endoscopy procedure rooms and are not fully reported to the Registry or are not counted as a surgery.
- ◆ Time periods where patients specify that they are unavailable for surgery are subtracted from the wait time.
- ◆ Postponed cases are included, regardless of whether the reason for postponement is patient or system related.
- ◆ The results are based on the Jul 19, 2026 refresh of the Saskatchewan Surgical Patient Registry data mart and are subject to minor changes as data is added or corrected.