

Saskatchewan Labour Force Statistics

June 2026

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (Seasonally Adjusted)

Table 1: Month-to-Month Comparison (%)	Jun 2026	May 2026	Jun 2026 Rank*
Canada	6.5	6.6	N/A
Manitoba	5.4	5.5	1
Quebec	5.4	5.6	1
Saskatchewan	6.1	6.2	3
Nova Scotia	6.5	7.1	4
British Columbia	6.5	6.8	4
Ontario	7.0	7.0	6
Alberta	7.0	6.6	6
New Brunswick	7.3	7.2	8
Prince Edward Island	7.6	6.7	9
Newfoundland & Labrador	8.2	9.6	10
Territories and CMAs**			
Yukon	7.3	6.3	
Northwest Territories	8.1	7.9	
Nunavut	11.6	12.5	
Regina CMA	5.9	5.8	12 (tied)
Saskatoon CMA	6.5	6.1	18
By Age Group			
Youth (aged 15 - 24)	11.1	13.2	3
Core Working Age (25-54)	5.3	5.2	3
Older Workers (55 and over)	5.2	4.5	5

Source: Statistics Canada, Table 14-10-0287-01, 14-10-0292-01 and 14-10-0459-01

Unemployment Rate (Seasonally Adjusted)

- Saskatchewan's unemployment rate was 6.1%, the third lowest among provinces and below the national average of 6.5%.
- Regina tied for the 12th lowest unemployment rate at 5.9% and Saskatoon's unemployment rate ranked 18th at 6.5% among 41 Census Metropolitan Areas (CMAs).
- Youth unemployment rate was 11.1%, the third lowest among provinces and below the national rate of 12.7%.

Record Highs

- All-time high: population aged 15 years and over (983,000), labour force (669,700), employment for men (338,800), and off-reserve Indigenous population (117,000).
- Record highs for the month of June: off-reserve Indigenous labour force (75,000).

EMPLOYMENT (Unadjusted)

Table 2: Year-over-Year Comparison	Jun 2026	Jun 2026 over Jun 2025		Jun 2026 Rank *
		#	%	
Canada	21,540,000	+90,300	+0.4%	N/A
Prince Edward Island	102,200	+3,900	+4.0%	1
Alberta	2,719,400	+77,900	+2.9%	2
Nova Scotia	547,100	+11,200	+2.1%	3
Manitoba	766,300	+12,700	+1.7%	4
Ontario	8,421,100	+62,700	+0.8%	5
New Brunswick	422,300	-1,000	-0.2%	6
Saskatchewan	632,500	-4,300	-0.7%	7
British Columbia	2,982,300	-20,500	-0.7%	7
Newfoundland & Labrador	254,900	-1,800	-0.7%	7
Quebec	4,692,000	-50,300	-1.1%	10
Territories**				
Yukon	26,800	-600	-2.2%	
Northwest Territories	24,000	+1,100	+4.8%	
Nunavut	15,900	+1,700	+12.0%	

Source: Statistics Canada, Table 14-10-0287-01 and 14-10-0292-01

* Provincial ranking excluding territories due to differences in data collection and reporting.

** Census Metropolitan Area (CMA) and Territory data are expressed as a three-month moving average.

Year-over-Year Employment

- There were 632,500 people employed in Saskatchewan, a decrease of 4,300 jobs compared to June 2025.
- Saskatchewan's percentage decline of 0.7% ranked seventh among provinces (tied with British Columbia and Newfoundland and Labrador), compared to the national increase of 0.4%.

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EMPLOYMENT (Unadjusted)

Table 3: Year-over-Year Comparison	Saskatchewan	Canada
Overall		
June 2026	632,500	21,540,000
June 2025	636,800	21,449,700
Change Year-over-Year (Jun 2026 over Jun 2025)	-4,300 (-0.7%)	+90,300 (+0.4%)
By Status		
Full-Time	-8,400 (-1.6%)	+122,900 (+0.7%)
Part-Time	+4,100 (+4.0%)	-32,600 (-0.9%)

Source: Statistics Canada, Table 14-10-0287-01

Year-over-Year

Employment

- Employment down 4,300 compared to June 2025.
- FT/PT: full-time employment down 8,400 and part-time up 4,100.
- Gender*: employment for women down 5,300 and employment for men up 1,000.
- Off-reserve Indigenous**: employment down 2,300. Indigenous youth employment down 1,700.
- Youth: employment up 2,400 (+2.6%).
- Cities**: Saskatoon employment decreased by 300 (-0.1%) and Regina employment increased by 4,600 (+3.0%).

Table 4: Year-over-Year Comparison	Jun 2026	Jun 2026 over Jun 2025	
		#	%
By Age Group			
Youth (aged 15-24)	93,100	+2,400	+2.6%
Core Working Age (25-54)	413,400	+1,100	+0.3%
Older Workers (55 and over)	126,100	-7,700	-5.8%
By Demography			
Women+*	293,700	-5,300	-1.8%
Men+*	338,800	+1,000	+0.3%
Off-reserve Indigenous**	65,600	-2,300	-3.4%
Off-reserve Indigenous Youth**	10,600	-1,700	-13.8%
By CMA and CA**			
Regina CMA	157,500	+4,600	+3.0%
Saskatoon CMA	205,900	-300	-0.1%
Moose Jaw CA	17,600	-2,400	-12.0%
Prince Albert CA	22,400	0	0.0%
By Economic Region**			
Regina-Moose Mountain	198,300	+2,000	+1.0%
Swift Current-Moose Jaw	51,900	-1,400	-2.6%
Saskatoon-Biggar	232,300	+1,700	+0.7%
Yorkton-Melville	37,400	-3,000	-7.4%
Prince Albert and Northern	102,000	-2,400	-2.3%

Source: Statistics Canada, Table 14-10-0287-01, 14-10-0401-01 and 14-10-0462-01

* Terms "men/men+" and "women/women+" are used interchangeably.

** Census Metropolitan Area (CMA), Census Agglomeration (CA) and Economic Regions (ER) data are expressed as a three-month moving average.

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EMPLOYMENT by SECTOR (Unadjusted)

Table 5: Year-over-Year Comparison	Jun 2026	Jun 2026 over Jun 2025		
		#	%	Cons. Months Gains/Losses ⁴
Public ¹	174,200	+1,900	+1.1%	↑ 4
Private ²	376,400	-600	-0.2%	↓ 2
Self Employed ³	81,900	-5,500	-6.3%	↓ 5
Agriculture	29,700	+500	+1.7%	↑ 8
Non-Agriculture	602,800	-4,800	-0.8%	↓ 2

Source: Statistics Canada, Table 14-10-0026-01

¹ Includes those who work for a local, provincial or federal government, for a government service or agency, a crown corporation, or a government funded establishment such as a school (including universities) or hospital.

² Includes those who work as employees of a private firm or business.

³ Includes both incorporated and unincorporated working owners, self-employed persons who do not have a business and persons working in a family business without pay.

⁴ Consecutive months are categorized as growth or decline. A month of no change is assigned the same direction as the previous month's trend.

Year-over-Year Sector Employment

- Public sector employment up 1,900.
- Private sector employment down 600.
- Self-employed down 5,500.
- Agriculture employment up 500 and non-agriculture employment down 4,800.

EMPLOYMENT by ESTABLISHMENT SIZE (Unadjusted)

Table 6: Year-over-Year Comparison	Jun 2026	Jun 2026 over Jun 2025	
		#	%
All establishment sizes	550,600	+1,200	+0.2%
Less than 20 employees	189,400	-4,400	-2.3%
20 to 99 employees	194,800	+5,600	+3.0%
100 to 500 employees	102,300	-1,400	-1.4%
More than 500 employees	64,200	+1,500	+2.4%

Source: Statistics Canada, Table 14-10-0067-01; table excludes self-employed workers.

Year-over-Year Employment by Establishment Size

- Employment increased across all establishment sizes driven by establishments with 20 to 99 employees and those with more than 500 employees compared to last June.

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EMPLOYMENT (Seasonally Adjusted)

Table 7: Month-to-Month Comparison	Saskatchewan	Canada
Overall		
June 2026	616,700	21,139,700
May 2026	613,800	21,121,500
Change Month-to-Month (May 2026 to Jun 2026)	+2,900 (+0.5%)	+18,200 (+0.1%)
By Status		
Full-Time	+2,300 (+0.5%)	+600 (+0.0%)
Part-Time	+500 (+0.5%)	+17,500 (+0.5%)

Source: Statistics Canada, Table 14-10-0287-01

Month-to-Month Employment (Seasonally Adjusted)

- Saskatchewan's employment up 2,900.
- Saskatchewan's employment increase of 0.5% ranked second among provinces.

Table 8: Month-to-Month Comparison	Jun 2026	May 2026 to Jun 2026	
		#	%
By Demography			
Women+*	287,400	+700	+0.2%
Men+*	329,300	+2,100	+0.6%
Youth (aged 15-24)	85,500	+2,900	+3.5%
By Geography**			
Regina CMA	155,300	-100	-0.1%
Saskatoon CMA	204,900	-1,700	-0.8%

Source: Statistics Canada, Table 14-10-0287-01 and 14-10-0459-01

- Gender*: employment for women up 700 and employment for men up 2,100.
- Youth: employment up 2,900.
- Cities**: Saskatoon's employment down 1,700 and Regina's employment down 100.

UNEMPLOYMENT

Table 9: Number of Unemployed	Jun 2026	Change	
		#	%
Year-over-Year (Unadjusted)			
Total	37,200	+7,800	+26.5%
Youth	10,700	-1,000	-8.5%
Regina CMA**	9,900	+1,400	+16.5%
Saskatoon CMA**	14,200	+4,200	+42.0%
Moose Jaw CA**	1,600	+1,100	+220.0%
Prince Albert CA**	2,300	+1,400	+155.6%
Off-reserve Indigenous**	9,400	+3,100	+49.2%
Off-reserve Indigenous Youth**	3,800	+1,100	+40.7%
Month-to-Month (Seasonally Adjusted)			
Total	40,300	-500	-1.2%
Youth	10,700	-1,900	-15.1%
Regina CMA**	9,700	+100	+1.0%
Saskatoon CMA**	14,200	+700	+5.2%

Source: Statistics Canada, Table 14-10-0287-01, 14-10-0459-01 and 14-10-0401-01

* Terms "men/men+" and "women/women+" are used interchangeably.

** Census Metropolitan Area (CMA), Census Agglomeration (CA) and Indigenous data are expressed as a three-month moving average.

Unemployment

- Unemployment up 7,800 from a year ago, and down 500 from a month ago.
- Regina**: unemployment up 1,400 from a year ago, and up 100 from a month ago.
- Saskatoon**: unemployment up 4,200 from a year ago, and up 700 from a month ago.
- Youth: unemployment down 1,000 from a year ago, and down 1,900 from a month ago.
- Off-reserve Indigenous**: unemployment up 3,100 from a year ago.
- Off-reserve Indigenous Youth**: unemployment up 1,100 from a year ago.

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EMPLOYMENT by INDUSTRY (Unadjusted)

Table 9: Year-over-Year Comparison	Jun 2026 over Jun 2025		
	#	%	Cons. Months Gains/Losses **
Employment increases:			
Accommodation & Food Services	+2,700	+8.3%	↑ 1
Health Care & Social Assistance	+2,400	+2.3%	↑ 24
Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Leasing	+1,600	+5.3%	↑ 16
Construction	+1,500	+2.9%	↑ 22
Agriculture	+500	+1.7%	↑ 8
Transportation & Warehousing	+500	+1.9%	↑ 2
Forestry, Fishing, Mining, Oil & Gas	+400	+1.7%	↑ 3
Information, Culture & Recreation	+100	+0.4%	↑ 1
Employment decreases:			
Manufacturing	-400	-1.2%	↓ 12
Public Administration	-600	-1.4%	↓ 3
Utilities	-800	-11.0%	↓ 2
Business, Building & Other Support Services	-1,300	-7.5%	↓ 1
Other Services*	-1,900	-6.4%	↓ 1
Educational services	-2,900	-5.2%	↓ 9
Wholesale and Retail Trade	-3,100	-3.2%	↓ 8
Professional, Scientific & Technical Services	-3,200	-9.3%	↓ 2
Total	-4,300	-0.7%	

Source: Statistics Canada, Table 14-10-0355-01

* Includes Repair & Maintenance, Personal & Laundry Services, Religious, Grant-Making, Civic & Professional and Related Organizations, and Private Households.

** Consecutive months are categorized as growth or decline. A month of no change is assigned the same direction as the previous month's trend.

Year-over-Year Industry Employment

- The three industries with the largest employment gains were accommodation and food services (+2,700), health care & social assistance (+2,400) and finance, insurance, real estate and leasing (+1,600).
- The three industries with the largest employment losses were professional, scientific and technical services (-3,200), wholesale and retail trade (-3,100) and educational services (-2,900).

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EMPLOYMENT by INDUSTRY (Seasonally Adjusted)

Table 10: Month-to-Month Comparison	May 2026 to Jun 2026		
	#	%	Cons. Months Gains/Losses **
Employment increases:			
Accommodation & Food Services	+2,500	+8.0%	↑ 1
Manufacturing	+1,800	+6.3%	↑ 1
Health Care & Social Assistance	+1,700	+1.6%	↑ 1
Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Leasing	+1,600	+5.4%	↑ 1
Utilities	+400	+6.6%	↑ 1
Transportation & Warehousing	+300	+1.1%	↑ 5
Employment decreases:			
Business, Building & Other Support Services	-100	-0.7%	↓ 1
Agriculture	-200	-0.7%	↓ 2
Forestry, Fishing, Mining, Oil & Gas	-200	-0.8%	↓ 2
Other Services*	-300	-1.1%	↓ 4
Construction	-500	-1.0%	↓ 1
Public Administration	-500	-1.2%	↓ 1
Educational services	-600	-1.1%	↓ 1
Information, Culture & Recreation	-800	-3.4%	↓ 1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	-900	-1.0%	↓ 2
Professional, Scientific & Technical Services	-1,200	-3.8%	↓ 3
Total	+2,900	+0.5%	

Source: Statistics Canada, Table 14-10-0355-01

* Includes Repair & Maintenance, Personal & Laundry Services, Religious, Grant-Making, Civic & Professional and Related Organizations, and Private Households.

** Consecutive months are categorized as growth or decline. A month of no change is assigned the same direction as the previous month's trend.

Month-to-Month Industry Employment (Seasonally Adjusted)

- The three industries with the largest employment gains were accommodation and food services (+2,500), manufacturing (+1,800) and health care & social assistance (+1,700).
- The three industries with the largest employment losses were professional, scientific and technical services (-1,200), wholesale and retail trade (-900) and information, culture and recreation (-800).

Industry Gains

Industries that had **BOTH** year-over-year and month-to-month employment gains are:

- Transportation & Warehousing
- Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Leasing
- Health Care & Social Assistance
- Accommodation & Food Services

Industry Losses

Industries that had **BOTH** year-over-year and month-to-month employment losses are:

- Wholesale and Retail Trade
- Professional, Scientific & Technical Services
- Business, Building & Other Support Services
- Educational services
- Other Services*
- Public Administration